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The North Carolinian.

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THE NORTH CAROLINIAN
POWER
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Excluding forests and pastures, there are 5,000,000 acres of cultivable lands in Italy.

Six million dollars are invested in the manufacture of dynamite in the United States.

There are few uncracked houses in Essen, Germany. The testing of the big guns manufactured by Krupp has damaged them.

"Tubercle in its various forms," says Dr. Arthur Ransome, a great authority in England, "at the present day carries off annually nearly 70,000 persons."

The Japanese in the West are becoming Americanized quickly. A gang of them employed on the Short Line railroad in Idaho struck the other day because of a shortage in the amount of their pay-checks.

Judge Stockslager has decided that the Idaho test oath law, which provides that an elector must swear that he does not belong to any organization which teaches or encourages polygamy, is unconstitutional.

The old Japanese coins tempo and bunbin and new two-sen pieces (copper), which are now being gradually withdrawn, were destroyed to the amount of $500,000 at the Imperial Mint, Osaka, in September. They were sold after being melted.

Sixty-five million dollars have already been spent on the Manchester (England) ship canal, or twenty-five millions more than the original estimate. Ten millions more will have to be borrowed from the corporation of Manchester, and doubt is expressed of its value when completed.

The farmers of Southwest Georgia have good reason to congratulate themselves, says the Chicago Sun, on having tried fruit raising in preference to cotton. This season was one of greater abundance than ever before, and, as prices were good, the farmers found their venture most profitable.

Tremont Street, Boston, is to be made wider, not by cutting off a slice from the fronts of the buildings from top to bottom, but by taking a portion of the first story of each house to form an arcade extending the length of the block, thus furnishing a footway sheltered from sun and rain and obtaining a fine architectural effect with the least possible encroachment on private property.

One hundred and nine thousand locomotives are at present running on the earth. Europe has 63,000, America 40,000, Asia 3300, Australia 2000, and Africa 700. In Europe, Great Britian and Ireland take premier position with 17,000 engines, Germany has 15,000, France 11,000, Austria-Hungary, the second largest continental country, has 5000, Italy 4003, Russia 3500, Belgium 2000, Holland and Spain, 1000 each, Switzerland 900, and the remaining European States 2600.

Advices come from the Czar's English physician at St. Petersburg to the effect that His Majesty has, for the last eighteen months, lost his appetite, grown thin, and is troubled with those alarming nervous symptoms that tortured the Czar Paul before his death. It is supposed by the medical attendants that this breakdown of an originally fine constitution is owing to the constant strain that the fear of assassination has made upon the Imperial sufferer, who has lived for many years with a sword suspended by a hair above his head.

The only high school in Iceland is at Seykjavik, and it has been in operation for over a year. The principal subjects taught are Icelandic in its grammar and literature, Danish, English, Sloyd wood carving, arithmetic and singing, to which from two to eight hours a week are devoted, but the foremost place in the educational system is given to tailoring, by which the hours from 10 to 2 are occupied during four days a week. This is because there are no tailors in Iceland, and that the women must make the men's clothes as well as their own. Cooking is also practically taught.

A formidable antagonist to telegraph construction in Mexico is found in the monkey. The favorite diversion of these animals when not in quest of food is to betake themselves to the telegraph lines for gymnastic exercies, and linemen assert that often 100 able-bodied monkeys have been seen swinging on the wire, festooned, monkey fashion, by looping their tails. The continuous vibrations of these forest gymnasts start the iron nails used on the cross-arms, and these often come down, bringing the wire with them. And it is not a safe matter to undertake to disperse these robust monkeys. Linemen have found that on shooting a monkey swinging on the wire they have been pursued by a whole regiment of monkeys.

Little Things.

A good-by kiss is a little thing,
With your hand on the door to go,
But it takes the venom out of the sting
Of a thoughtless word or a cruel fling
That you made an hour ago.

A kiss of greeting is sweet and rare
After the toil of the day,
And it smooths the furrows ploughed by care,
The lines on your forehead you once called fair,
In the years that have flown away.

'Tis a little thing to say "You are kind,
I love you, my dear," each night,
But it sends a thrill through the heart, I find;
For love is tender as love is blind,
As we climb life's rugged height.

We starve each other for love's caress,
We take, but we do not give;
It seems so easy some souls to bless,
But we dole the love grudingly, less and less,
Till 'tis bitter and hard to live.

Betrothed by the Dawn.

Mr. D'Herble awoke at the very hour he had intended. The gray light of dawn fell on the flowers of his bedroom curtains.

He opened the window and looked out on the dim landscape still asleep.

The trees and fields of a dull green color melted away into the far and misty horizon without exhibiting a sign of life or motion.

In the east glimmered a faint indication of pink light.

Mr. D'Herble remembered his love and his morning appointment. In five minutes he had dressed and descended the stairs into the garden, where his big greyhound greeted him with a bark of delight, accompanied by frantic leaps of joy and pleasure.

"Be quie', Tiger!"

Then, in vain trying to repress the animal, he added,

"Come along, then."

The greyhound started off quick as an arrow through a half open door, and his master smiled as he watched him. He saw him bounding along over the vineyards by a path of which he knew every inch. It was a path they took together every day and it led to the last cottage of the little hamlet, to the house of Mr. and Mrs. Simons, wealthy New Yorkers, and their daughter, Miss Ethel.

"I wonder if she is awake yet," thought Mr. D'Herble. "Has she not made a bet with me? Can it really be true that we are going together to watch the sun rise from the top of the tower of Alaspret?

For the past three months he had been flirting with Miss Ethel!

It began at Paris and had been continued here in the country, where he had been clever enough to induce the Simonses to come and spend the summer.

He hoped that he would have fewer rivals here.

For he already felt the pangs of jealousy, was madly in love with the young American, and with all his heart he wished to make her his wife.

He had no fear that he would be a pleasing son-in-law to the old people. He was rich, of good family, and possessed many fine qualities.

The question was, will she consent? There was so much coquetry in her playful ways; so much reserve, too, in her sudden moods of cold silence that he hardly knew what to think.

Sometimes with her musical laughter, her arch and soft glances, she made him conscious of a feeling of nearness and familiarity that was as suddenly dispelled by a frigid goodby that instantly brought him back again to his position utterly disconcerted.

Only yesterday, pointing to the tower of Alaspret which from a lofty cliff commands a view over the whole country of Caux for 10 miles round, she had said to him:

"Is it true, as the legend says, that the girls of the village follow the custom of climbing alone with the men to whom they are engaged to see the sun rise from that tower?"

And he had answered:

"It is indeed a superstition that belongs to this part. A betrothed couple never fail to observe it. They believe that if the sun rises behind clouds and is invisible the marriage will be an unhappy one; but if it rises bright and unclouded it is a sign that their future is to be bright and happy."

And with laughter in her voice she had said:

"Oh! but then the sun must have spoiled many a marriage by not showing himself!"

"Such a thing has been known," he answered, "though very rarely. In nine cases out of ten the love of the betrothed proceeds unchanged as before. If the omen is unfavorable they are incredulous and set it at defiance; and they only accept it if favorable to their love."

Then Miss Ethel had said: "It must be a lovely sight to see the sun rise over the country. I should like to go up the tower some day."

He looked into the depths of her lovely eyes.

"It will be splendid, to-morrow, Miss Ethel."

"Do you think so, really? If so, I shall go."

"And er--might I be allowed to accompany you?" he stammered.

She looked him straight in the face with a proud glance that was indescribable.

"You may do so, if you wish."

* * * * * * *

He was now on his way to the appointed meeting place. A peculiar rendezvous, perhaps, but not any more so than the moments of solitude which they had spent together on the water or on the verandah of the cottage.

The Simonses had perfect confidence in their daughter. She followed her own sweet will! None the less the thought passed through Mr. D'Herble's brain that she had fooled him.

"If by any chance she is awake and up, perhaps concealed behind the blinds of her bedroom window, how she will laugh to see me waiting here patient and disappointed. I shall look ridiculous! Ah! if only she were not quite so lovely."

But at this moment a new impulse of hope made his heart beat. He had just seen Tiger before the railing of the cottage. The dog's lean body was trembling with the joy a dog shows when he hears a friend approaching. Almost at the same minute Miss Ethel made her appearance. Her golden hair fell in waving lengths from under her little straw hat. She wore a pink dress; her tiny feet were cased in yellow leather shoes, her hands in pretty brown gloves.

"Good morning," she said.

This was uttered in a tone so dry and frigid that the gushing thanks Mr. D'Herble had prepared stuck in his throat and refused to come out.

In silence they both entered the little path that led through the woods to the tower.

An odor of damp earth rose from the leaves and grasses. All was wrapped in profound silence. Not a sound stirred the air. There was an impression of loneliness and solitude. The strangeness of the hour and the place and the unusual earliness of their rising hour, combined with their impressions to produce in the young couple a certain feeling of melancholy not without its charm.

They were also aware of a feeling of awkwardness between them, which their modesty rather made them shrink from. Each at his and her own audacity.

However, they had gone too far to turn back, and feeling the charm of an adventure which brought them thus together, they kept most of their thoughts for the sunrise. Moreover, as the hour approached they felt a presentiment that the oracle really was about to decide their engagement. They soon left the pine trees behind them and entered groves, first of birch and then of beech trees. Blue heather flowers grew upon a carpet of moss and the pointed needles of resin glistened in the dim light.

Rocks lay about on all sides in crumbling heaps, and the little mountain path wound in and out up the steep sides of the slope on whose summit, though invisible as yet, the tower stood.

Suddenly a turn of the path brought it into sight, rising up straight and strong, its battlements and gray walls outlined against the dull gray of the sky.

In the midst of a pile of ruins covered with lichens and bristling with tall wild grasses stood the last vestige of the old feudal days of the Chateau d'Alaspret.

Miss Ethel, slightly out of breath after her climb, stood looking toward the east, where the first lights of the dawn played over a purple sky and the clouds seemed like flakes of floating pink.

"Are we in time?" she asked.

Mr. D'Herble bent his head thoughtfully.

"There are a great many clouds," he sighed. "I am afraid the sun will hidden."

"Ah, she said, and no one could have told whether she said it in a tone of regret or of hope.

A hare started at their feet among the dew. Tiger, who was describing wide circles round them at a gallop, saw the little animal and at once gave chase.

This diversion amused Miss Ethel, especially when she saw the greyhound return looking sheepish at not catching his prey, which had speedily been lost in the mists.

They advanced together a few steps. They found themselves hesitating almost in front of the central keep, which led into the dark shadows of the winding staircase. She cast a shy glance at her knight.

"Do you really want to climb up there? I think we can see quite well enough from here." He turned upon her a reproachful look that was both anxious and penetrating,

"Are you afraid, Miss Ethel? That is not right."

His remark stung her pride. She began bravely to climb the dark staircase. D'Herble followed her.

They climbed up, and for a long time in semi-darkness, only exchanging the most trivial remarks, and then suddenly, the full daylight nearly dazzled them.

They passed out on to a little platform, and Miss Ethel, flushed with her exertion, uttered a cry of delight at the expanse of country before her.

A tremendous circle of hills, valleys and woods surrounded them.

That triangular mirror of glittering metal far below them is the ocean seen through the long vista of a valley.

The forests of Alaspret, from the foot of the tower to the horizon, spread out a wide expanse of softly rounded hills, which melted into the distance in blue haze. The country reminded one of a carpet that had been pieced together. Those golden spots, here and there, are the corn fields, those gray stones are villages—one can see the face of the church tower clocks like so many white points. A stream between willow-clad banks flows down there in the distance—a strip of silver lace, hemmed with gold. From all sides rises the moisture from the earth in gray masses of vapor. It swathed the tower of the keep in an ever-moving stream like a continent submerged in a sea of mist.

The east grew rosier. The clouds were ablaze with purple colors. They looked as if they were lighted with gigantic embers of some glowing forge.

The silence tended to increase that feeling of mystery and thoughtful spirit of religious poetry which comes with the dawn and spreads over the earth.

"Ah!" said the two voices together. The sun had just shot his first gleam through a break in the clouds. They dispersed and fled away so rapidly it looked as if a giant broom was sweeping space. Then the great disk of the sun in his glory rose in the midst of the rose-colored sky.

"Ethel," sighed Mr. D'Herble. He saw her shining with a beautiful splendor, bathed in the living rays of the sun.

She seemed to him the central beauty of the landscape vibrating with life and light. Her haughty loveliness was softened with a tender grace, and tears were glistening in her pure eyes.

"Look," he said, "the sky is clear."

And, indeed, not a cloud was to be seen. The air was ablaze with light; the sun was slowly rising in the sky. The sea of mist that surrounded the tower could be seen melting away and evaporating. And the circle in which they two stood seemed to absorb the colors and lights with all the rich splendors of the woods, the cornfields and the meadows,

A fresh and laughing youth was abroad on the earth and in the soft touch of the wandering breeze.

Scarcely perceptible mists rose from the roofs of the cottages below. Then the Angelus sounded out; others answered back, faint and sweet, like the song of the larks. The birds were beginning to wake; life was active on all sides!

Then in the warm glow of light which seem to fold them in a circle of gold, Miss Ethel Simons placed her firm little hand in that of Mr. D'Herble. He drew closer to her, and she made no resistance while these two, betrothed on the tower by the dawn in face of the sun and the world, exchanged the solemn vows of eternal love and registered it with a first kiss. —[Translated from Courrier Des Etats Unis.

An Old Statue of Columbus.

It is the fashion just now to hunt up statues of Columbus. One was found in an obscure nook in Baltimore recently and now another has been brought to the notice of the surprised citizens of Boston. One of the daily papers sent out a reporter to learn whether such a thing existed, and his inquiries were for a long time futile. At last he met a gentleman of some antiquarian learning who informed him that Columbus had been standing with an air of dejection for more than 40 years in Louisburg square. Even in the hum of preparation for the great celebration nobody had noticed him, which was, perhaps, not to be wondered at, as the little recess known as Louisburg square is given up to a few ancient houses occupied by people of the old school, who have nothing in common with modern Boston. The reporter thus describes the statue and accounts for its origin: "The figure was life size, and the material was marble blackened by time. The right hand rested on a nautical instrument, and in the left the folds of a cloak were gathered. The face was turned towards the west. Mr. Iasigi, the Italian consul, who once lived at No. 1, and who was so well known in social circles of Boston, happened one day while abroad, to see in Leghorn some statues which struck his fancy, one being that of the daring navigator. Thus it came to pass that Columbus started again on a voyage to America.

Pine may be made to look like some beautiful wood by giving repeated coats of hot linseed oil and rubbing hard after each coat.

SARDINE FISHING.

An Extensive Industry on the Coast of Brittany.

How the Fish Are Caught and Prepared for Export.

F. S. Dellenbaugh, in a paper upon Finistere, read before the American Geographical Society, describes the sardine industry as it is practiced off Pentaven on the coast of Brittany. At times, he says, there are as many as 1200 boats collected at this point, where the sardine, while on its northward journey, attains its most desirable size for taking and packing. The boats are about thirty feet long, entirely open, except for a short deck at the stern, and carrying two masts that can readily be taken down. The net, about twenty feet long and six or eight feet broad, is weighted on one long edge and buoyed with cork floats on the other, so that when it is in the water behind the boat it assumes an upright position like a wall, and in this position is towed through the water by one end as the boat moves slowly along. The captain mounts the little deck at the stern with a bucket of bait called rong, the eggs of codfish, under one arm, and his practiced eye ranges the water. When he discovers the proximity of the fish he scatters a little of the rong on one side of the net and they rise in a school to take it. This is the critical moment. He throws a quantity on the oppposite side, and the fish, making a dart for it, are entangled in the meshes. When the sardines are numerous the boat does not halt to take the net on board; by means of a certain pull the meshes are tightened and, with a buoy to mark it, it is cast off and left till a full catch is made. Another net is put out and the operation is repeated till all the nets are used.

Then comes the picking up and extraction of the fish, the latter work being performed with great care, because handling the fish injures them. The net is caught up at the ends and seasawed till all the fish drop into the bottom of the boat, where they remain until the arrival in port. There the fish are counted by the two hundreds into coarse baskets and dipped in the water beside the boat to free them from loose scales and other matter. Thence they are carried to the factories and thrown upon long, low tables, on each side of which is a row of women and girls, who, with a short knife prepare them for the salt vats, where they remain for two hours. After that they are placed in coarse baskets and given a bath of sea water under a pump. Then they are put to dry in the open air on wire racks. When the fish begin to shrivel the racks are taken to the oilroom, where four or five tanks of olive oil are constantly boiling. Each rack is plunged for a moment or two into the hot oil and then set aside to drip, after which the fish are selected and carefully laid in tin boxes of various sizes.

When the box is full it is passed along to the oil tap, where the space remaining is filled with oil. The box is now ready for sealing and passes along to the solderer. After the soldering a hole is punched in the cover to let out the imprisoned air and immediately closed with solder. Next the cans are placed in a huge iron crate and lowered into tanks of boiling water. If there is still air in the can it will explode or bulge out, and the trouble can be corrected before the final packing in wooden boxes for export to all parts of the world.

A Fight Between Giraffes.

There is a deal of human nature in a giraffe—in his native state. The old fellows insist on ruling the herd as long as possible, and never give it up till the younger ones whip them out, and as the weak ones are whipped out in the start, the result is that each boss giraffe is a polygamist on a large scale. This leads to savage fights, and as the hunters penetrate into South Africa they occasionally witness these duels. A hunter gives this account of such a combat between an old and a young giraffe, witnessed from an adjacent thicket:

"Presently the belligerents came within a few yards of each other. Then commenced a scene that baffles all description. Some people might call it ludicrous; it was far more, it was side splitting, and but for my desire to see the end I must have given way to convulsions of laughter. Although the giraffe possesses a certain beauty when at rest, it loses its grace when in motion, and the greater its speed the more ungainly does it appear.

But when two mature bulls begin to waltz and dance violently around each other, each endeavoring to outdo the other in agility, at the same time mumbling their jaws and emitting fearfully discordant roars, it is certainly one of the most absurd sights human eye ever looked upon. I have often seen a crane dance—a function common enough north of the Vaal River. It is more than funny—it is ridiculous—but cannot for an instant be compared to the antics of these two mammoth brutes.

"They began rearing as if to bear each other down, their mouths all the time open to grip if opportunity occurred. At length the violent exercise began to tell upon the older beast. He made some mistake in a parry, and the younger seized with his teeth the foot of the veteran, who in return laid hold of his opponent's ear. For some moments there was a pause. It was very brief, and then the struggle was renewed. With a gigantic effort the younger giraffe threw the old hero upon his haunches. He looked very much as if he had played his last card, but there was pluck in his aged heart yet, though the battle was not for him; years told against him, and victory lay with the youngster, who celebrated it by trying to drag the the vanquished after him. This operation must have been painful, for the shrieks that the defeated warrior uttered were heartrending. After a final worry the hero of the hour walked off, and, willingly followed by all, took the lead.

After such a defeat the old fellow usually becomes a "solitary," and lives and dies alone.—[London Graphic.

Novel Measuring of Water Depths.

Frederick J. Smith of Trinity College, Oxford, explains a curious way of finding the depths of a piece of water at a distance.

"About two years ago," he says, "I wished to know from time to time the rate at which a river was rising after a fall of rain. The river was a considerable distance from the spot where its height was to be known. By means of the combination of two organ pipes and a telephonic circuit described in the following lines I have been able to make the required measurements within rather close limits. At the river station an organ pipe was fixed vertically in an inverted position, so that the water in the river acted as a stopper to the pipe, and the rise and fall of the water determined the note it gave when blown by a small bellows driven by a very small water wheel.

"A microphone was attached to the upper end of the organ pipe; this was in circuit with a wire leading to a town station at some distance; at the town station there was an exactly similar organ pipe, which could be lowered into a vessel full of water while it was sounding. By means of the telephone the note given by the pipe at the river was clearly heard at the town station; then the organ pipe at this station was lowered or raised by hand until it gave the same note. The length of the organ pipes under water at the two stations were then equal, so that the height of the water in the distant river was known.

"The determination can be made in less than a minute by any one who can recognize the agreement of two similar notes. The arrangement when first tested was so placed that the height of water at two places near together might be easily compared. I found that a lad with an average ear for musical sounds was able to get the two heights to agree within one-eighth of an inch of each other, while a person with an educated ear adjusted the instrument immediately to almost exact agreement. The total height to be measured was seventeen inches.

"A difference of temperature at the two stations would make a small difference in the observed heights. For instance, taking a note caused by 250 vibrations per second, a difference of 10 degrees C. between the temperature of the two stations (one not likely to occur) would make a difference of about 0.02 feet in the height, a quantity of no moment in such a class of measurements. The organ pipes were of square section and made of metal to resist the action of the water."—[Nature.

The Birthplace of Old Glory.

The house in which was made the first American flag, with its unlucky number of stripes and stars that for the first time in history belied an old proverb, still stands on Arch street. The building is moreover noted as the scene of one of the first meetings between French Envoy Genet and Miss Clinton, daughter of one of New York's most noted governors, who in time became Mme. Genet. Genet, himself, standing at an upper story window of the Arch street building, saw a young lady go by on horseback, and it was evident that she had considerable to learn on the subject or equine management. The Frenchmon hurriedly descended to the street, and approaching Miss Clinton's uncontrollable animal was just in time to catch the fair equestrienne in his arms as she was falling. With the magnanimity of his race, Genet insisted upon bearing the burden thus imposed upon his arms until the young lady had been deposited by him upon a sofa in the Arch street house and revived by a whiff of smelling salts. The episode terminated in the Genet-Clinton wedding that long agitated society in those colonial days.—[Philadelphia Press.

A Man Strangles a Bear.

Fred Schofield went up to Huntington the other day to visit his son, who is station agent there. He brought back with him a piece of bear meat, evidently off a year-old brute. The animal from which the meat was cut was a fine looking beast and the meat indicates that it was in a healthy and lusty condition, which makes all the more strange the fact that it was killed by an unarmed man. He came upon the bear unexpectedly and had no time to take out even his pocket knife before engaging it in conflict. He succeeded in grasping it by the throat and held it firmly, while it tore his clothes to shreads and ripped bits of skin and flesh off here and there with his powerful claws. He saw that his only hope for his life was to choke the bear to death, so that the more it struggled the tighter he held on, until it finally succumbed. When the man rose from the contest he was a pitiful looking sight indeed, his clothes being torn to shreads, and the marks of the cruel claws being visible on more than one part of his body. After recovering himself he took out his pocket-knife and bled the carcass so that the meat might be in good condition.—[Vancouver (British Columbia) World.

Nervous Prostration.

Nervous prostration is one of the new diseases which has come into vogue during the last four or five years. Our grandfathers would have laughed at it, but that it is a genuine complaint, due to high-pressure living, there is no question. All the doctors have studied it and many have suggested remedies, but most of the cures are beyond the reach of the sufferers. Here, for instance, is Dr. S. Weir Mitchell, who prescribes perfect rest, the patient to lie in a clean, sweet-smelling bed in a perfectly lighted and ventilated room, and to be surrounded by everything that is pleasant and soothing. Now, this is just what the people who succumb to nervous prostration cannot secure, and the doctor ought to know it. According to Sceptical San Francisco Chronicle, "he might as well prescribe a two years' ocean voyage or something equally visionary. No hospital will supply these conditions, and there are very few private houses in which one may obtain such ideal surroundings. If there were within easy reach we should hear of fewer cases of nervous prostration."

Sheep as Beasts of Burden.

Sheep are not commonly regarded as beasts of burden, but in a large part of Northwest India, thousands of sheep carry for many miles the commodities purchased by the sale of their own wool. The mountain paths among the foothills of the Himalayas are so precipitous that the sheep, more surefooted than larger beasts, are preferred as burden carriers.

The load for each sheep is from sixteen to twenty pounds. The sheep are driven from village to village with the wool still growing, and in each town the farmer shears as much wool as he can sell there, and loads the sheep with the grain which he receives in exchange. After his whole flock has been sheared he turns it towards home, each sheep having on its back a small bag containing the purchased grain.—[Detroit Free Press.

"Crab's-Eye" Pills.

It is not generally known that up to recent years a medicine was prepared from the common crawfish. In the stomach of this creature there are almost always found small calcareous concretions, from the size of a pin's head to the size of a pea. The little stony ball is composed of carbonite and phosphate of lime, and was formerly powdered and used in doses of three or four grains to correct acidity of the stomach. Prepared chalk has now taken the place of the "crab's-eyes," as these concretions were called, but occasionally persons are found who consider them more efficacious than the less repulsive substitute.

Cherokee Strip Not a Strip.

I have just crossed the Cherokee Strip, and was surprised to find it took the train over three hours to cross it, says a St. Louis Globe-Democrat man. The general impression as to the strip is that it is a narrow neck of land only a few miles across, reserved as a highway or outlet for the Cherokees. As a matter of fact, the Strip is eighty miles across and is larger in area than some of the states of the Union. The entire eighty miles is covered with the best quality of blue grass, and it is doubtful whether even in the best parts of Texas it is to be duplicated.

A Plausible Excuse.

"Didn't you say six months ago that if Miss Meter wouldn't marry you, you would throw yourself into the deepest part of the sea? Now, Miss Meter married some one else three months ago and yet you haven't"—

"Oh, it's easy to talk, but let me tell you it is not such an easy matter to find the deepest part of the sea."

FIERCE FIRES.

Much Property Lost in Three Big Blazes.

Three Factories and Ten Stores Destroyed in Brooklyn.

Fire destroyed the wall paper factories of R. H. Hobbs & Co. and Walther & Co., the carpet factory of Sperry & Bales and ten stores, and burned out about twenty-five families in Brooklyn, N. Y., a few afternoons ago. The loss was estimated at about $700,000; insurance two-thirds that amount. One person was injured by jumping from a window. So serious did the fire become that six engines were called from New York City and assisted in fighting the conflagration.

Policeman Maude, of the Adams street station, was passing the four story brick building occupied by R. H. Hobbs & Co. as a wall paper factory, about 4:55 o'clock, when he saw flames coming out of a window on the first floor.

An alarm was sent out, but the flames spread so rapidly that a second and then a third call followed. Before the first engines arrived the fire had gained great headway.

It spread from Hobbs's building to the tenements on either side, and then, driven by the wind, reached back to Tiffany place, burning everything in its path and spanning the narrow thoroughfare with tongues of flame.

The big paper manufactory of Waldeman A. Walther & Co., No. 1 Tiffany place, caught and the adjacent stair-pad and carpet factory of Beales & Co., as well as a number of tenement houses.

While the district is mostly occupied by manufacturing establishments they are sandwiched here and there between four and five story tenements.

The efforts of the occupants of these buildings, assisted by other residents of the neighborhood, to rescue their household goods, created much confusion, and the cries of children and the frightened screams of women could be heard above the din of the engines.

The area devastated by the fire runs about three lots front from a point on Columbia street, opposite Irving place, through the block to Tiffany place, then from that point on Tiffany place to Harrison street, covering about half a block, and thence through to Hicks street, upon which buildings on about two lots front, are destroyed.

When the paper factories had been consumed the blaze became less fierce and the numerous streams of water playing upon it had an appreciable effect.

Big Blaze in Boston.

At 10:30 p. m. fire was discovered in the shop of H. S. Robinson & Co., boilermakers, in Borden street, East Boston, Mass., and by the time the fire apparatus reached the place a lively blaze was in progress. The whole building was soon a mass of flames, which, driven by a strong westerly wind, soon spread to H. Murray's paving mill adjoining. The fire soon communicated to the following buildings: Towle & Foster's stair-building shop, Graham & Cameron's carpenter and house-building establishment, H. Drake & Son's carpenter shop, and McHugo & Snow's box factory. At midnight the fire had burned over a territory of about four acres and consumed seven buildings. The insurance carried was small, owing to the high rates charged by the insurance companies, who considered the district a very dangerous one. The losses amounted to over $300,000, and the insurance to half that amount.

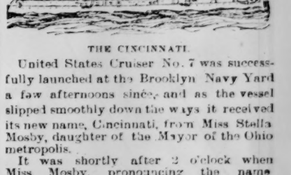
Pawling (N. Y.) Has a Big Fire.

Twelve business firms and six families were burned out by a fire at Pawling, N. Y. The Pawling National Bank and the Dutcher House were saved only with the greatest difficulty, and but for a timely change in the wind the entire village would have been swept away. As it is the principal business portion is in ashes. The fire apparatus was inadequate to cope with the flames. Daylight found the streets full of household goods hastily taken out of burning or threatened dwellings.

During the fire three persons were injured, but none fatally. The aggregate loss is estimated at $75,000, on which there is about $50,000 insurance.

THE CINCINNATI.

Successful Launch of United States Cruiser No. 7.



THE CINCINNATI.

United States Cruiser No. 7 was successfully launched at the Brooklyn Navy Yard a few afternoons since, and as the vessel slipped smoothly down the ways it received its new name, Cincinnati, from Miss Stella Mosby, daughter of the Mayor of the Ohio metropolis.

It was shortly after 2 o'clock when Miss Mosby, pronouncing the name "Cincinnati," broke a bottle of wine over the bow of the vessel. Then the last of the props were knocked away and cruiser No. 7 of the United States Navy shot proudly out upon the Wallabout Bay. The Cincinnati was gayly decorated from stem to stern with flags, and made a noble appearance as she rode upon the water with her beautiful lines and freshly painted sides.

The cruisers Philadelphia and Atlanta, the double turreted monitor Miantonomoh, the dispatch boat Dolphin, the dynamite cruiser Vesuvius and the Italian cruiser Giovanni Bausan, all of which took part in the naval parade last month, were in the Navy Yard and their crews were interested spectators of the launching of the Cincinnati.

The Cincinnati is a steel-protected cruiser. Her length on load water line is 300 feet, her extreme breadth forty-two feet, and she has a displacement of 3183 tons, and a mean draught of eighteen feet. She will be one of the fastest vessels in the navy, as her average speed will be nineteen knots. The Cincinnati will have twin screws and vertical triple-expansion engines of 10,000 horse-power, with a steam pressure of 100 pounds.

Her total coal capacity will be 675 tons, which will enable her to steam 1500 miles at full power without recoaling.

The engines were designed by Commodore George W. Melville, Chief of the Bureau of Steam Engineering of the Navy, and Engineer William N. Dungan has had charge of their construction.

The cruiser's armament will consist of one six-inch breech-loading rifle, ten five-inch rapid-fire guns, eight six-pounder and four one-pounder rapid-firing guns and two Gatling guns. Besides, she will have six torpedo tubes above water.

Her construction was authorized by an act passed September 7, 1888, but her keel was not laid until 1890. The cost of the Cincinnati's hull and machinery was limited to $1,100,000.

MINERS KILLED.

An Overshot Exploded Several Kegs of Powder.

At Pekay, a mining town fourteen miles north of Ottumwa, Iowa, three miners were killed outright the other evening and seven others injured.

They had made an overshot, which, when discharged, ignited several kegs of powder, killing the three men instantly. Several other workmen, who were fortunately in the cross entries, were prostrated, but not seriously injured.

After-damp followed, and but for prompt action then, too, would have perished. By a fortunate circumstance, all but ten of the two hundred miners had gone above to vote.

The North Carolinian.

Published Every Wednesday

[illegible] rates see first

[illegible] communications relative to and of the interest of the Albemarle District solicited.

PRESIDENT HARRISON AND THE CAMPAIGN.

Benjamin Harrison comes out of the recent contest in honor and growing esteem on the part of citizens, irrespective of their political affiliations. He emb races in his character the solid virtues that mark men and gentlemen. His career in public a-pects has won him distinction at home and abroad; while in the relations of private life he has displayed that earnestness and sincerity which inspire confidence and promotes admiration Aside from the personal aspects of his recent overshadowing bereavements, it was extremely unfortunate, politically considered, in that it removed from the campaign during the critical weeks immediately preceding the election the splendid personality of the President.

His utterances have never failed to inspire that solid enthusiasm and confidence which find expression in practical support and in votes. The future historian cannot well omit reference to the sad death in the White House as an active, potent factor in the result.

The noble manner in which President Harrison has conducted himself during these trying weeks and months, preserving his balance and self-control, neither allowing the public service to suffer, nor yet unmindful of the duty at his home, making no unseeming effort for honors which he deemed the province of the people to confere all this attests anew the splendid manhood in Benjamin Harrison.

DEFEATED.

The election returns show an overwhelming Republican defeat. The result in each State is given on last page. It is a surprise and a disappointment. The causes that have led to the defeat are varied and the CAROLINIAN will refer to some of them hereafter. There is a consolation to know that the Republicans were overthrown while manfully and bravely battling for what they believed to be for the best interests of the country.

It is a characteristic of the Republican party to gracefully submit to the will of the majority as expressed at the polls, and we will anxiously await the approach of 1896 to see whether the country will be as prosperous as now. If, under Democratic policy it is, we will acknowledge that we were mistaken and that party will have a continued lease of power, but if not, as we believe will be the case, it will be required to "step down and out."

——Since the table on the outside last page was printed later returns would indicate that California Ohio and Wisconsin belong to the Harrison column, making the Electoral vote for Cleveland 254, Harrison 162 and 28.

Ships with iron cages are being built on the Clyde, in Scotland, for the Russian government to transport prisoners to Siberia. The despotic government of that pitiable country hopes by this means to avoid any escape en route or succor on the part of friends. It is another grasp of tyranny, and another step on the throat of Liberty.

One of the greatest strikes in the world is now on in free trade England. The cotton mill owners of Lancashire have locked out their employes because they would not consent to a 5 per cent reduction in wages. Tens of thousands of men and women are out of work.

No Mugwumps need apply to the new Administration. It was a sports victory won by sportsmen and sports methods, and the gentlemen who did the work are going to "boss the feast" or know the reason why.

The country is all right—it isn't going to the dogs. Republican policy has made it so rich and powerful and prosperous that not four years can turn its progress backward.

There will be few announcements of increase in workingmen's wages in the next four years. The fellows who won on the 8th inst aren't that kind of a party.

The most disastrous conflagration in the history o Norfolk occurred on Friday night, destroying property amounting to $3,0000,000.

The late campaign has settled it that National political battles may be fought without pyrotechnics and personal abuse.

Our naturalization laws make citizenship too cheap and encourage the corruption rather than the elevation of the ballot.

The Prince of Wales now rides on a bicicle. He ought to make a great record, as he is so exceedingly "fast."

THE AMERICAN FARMER.

The sharp competition between sections and countries which will be induced by increased facilities for transportation will stir the agriculturalists up to his best efforts. His chances for future marketing will improve, but he will have to be prepared to fight the battle of competition for them. He must be sufficiently well educated in science as far as it is applicable to agriculture, and he must be intelligent enough to study his surroundings and to apply this knowledge to the conditions about him. He will be able to meet his fellow citizens on an equal footing, and his brains will command from his class in the industry which he represents the respect and considerations which he deserves, and he will give other classes and other industries due respect in return.

The farmer of the future will be a business man, able not only to compel his soil to do its best in the matter of production, but to study the markets and know what will sell the best and what will command the highest price. This farmer will keep his accounts like any other business man, so that he may know exactly where his profits are and where have been his losses. These are strong qualifications, but they are essential to the farmer who would do his business on a broad plan and who would succeed.

As to the question of his education, when you consider that he must have a knowledge of all the principles of animal and plant life; that he must understand the constituent elements of soil and fertilizers, and that he must have some knowledge of meteorology, chemistry and the other sciences closely connected with crop raising, you will see that the ideal farmer of the future will have to be not only a brainy, but a well educated man.

"BETTER THAN HIS PARTY."

That Cleveland is "better than his party" has been the claim of such papers as the New York *Times* and *Post* and the great body of voters they represent. And there is much truth in this. While few claim for him any extraordinary measure of ability, it is conceeded that he is a man of resolution and readiness, that his perceptions are reasonably clear, his motives generally patriotic, and his nature earnest and strong. He will enter upon this term of office knowing it to be his last, and with a knowledge of the country and an acquaintance with men and affairs which he did not at all posses when he was first elected.

Stubbornly self-reliant, and feeling that having been nominated and elected despite the opposition and prediction of the worst element of his party at Chicago, he will act independent of their dictation and "run the machine" to suit himself. The CAROLINIAN makes the prediction that before two years roll by hundreds and thousands who have been loudest in hurrahing for him will be sulking from disappointment.

THE FOREIGN VOTE.

An intelligent observer calls attention to the fact that the unexpected large Democratic gains were, to a greater extent than many supposed, to the immense influx of foreigners to our large cities and throughout the West. Since 1888, he states, over 100,000 of these have been naturalized, and that 90 per cent. of them vote the Democratic ticket, They are of the poorest and most ignorant classes from Europe and have located mostly in the large cities of New York and the Western States.

The Democrats plead with the people for "one more chance" with the solemn promise of the adoption of measures that will give the country much better times. Well, with a big majority, the people have decided to give them one more trial. The CAROLINIAN believes that a four years' trial of the principles and measures of that party will relegate it out of power.

Already the depressing effects of the election are being felt. The large Iron Works at Columbus, O., have had orders amounting to 100 tons per month countermanded; the Iron and Nail Co., of Youngstown, O, which has been building a large Tin plate Factory has suspended work, and from other sections of the country comes similar news.

Now is the time for the political Wigginses to stand up and be counted. The voice of the "I-told-you-so man is also to be heard in the land. But he didn't know any more about it than you did at the time he told you.

"All is lost save our honor," wrote Francis I after Pavia to his wife. There is some comfort to the defeated.

The Democratic party certainly has rope enough, and the CAROLINIAN confidently looks for the pryverbial result.

Chief Justice Merrimon of this State, died at Raleigh on 14th inst. aged 62.

A $300,000 fire occurred at Norfolk on Monday.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

[From our Regular Correspondent.]

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11, 1892.

The President stands up as manfully amid the storm of defeat as he would have done had he been crowned with the laurel wreath of victory, as he and every other Republican in Washington had so confidently expected that he would be. It is the trials of adversity that brings out the best there is in a man, and after trials greater than which have seldom been placed upon any man, Benjamin Harrison stands erect and calm, conscious of having given the American people an administration that will occupy a place in the history of his country second to that of no man who has served the nation in times of peace. He has uttered no word of complaint, although he knows full well that the means by which his defeat was accomplished were such as to constitute a real menace to the republic which he loves so well; he has not criticised the men who managed his campaign, for he firmly believes that they did their utmost for him and the party. Mistakes were made, and he knows it, but, he also knows that it would do no good to point them out at this time. In short, he has done what it behooves every patriotic citizen to do—accepted the verdict of the majority. It would be nonsense to say that he is not disappointed as the result. He is disappointed and most deeply, but he is too great a man to voice the disappointment. No Republican can make a mistake who follows the example of the President in philosophically accepting the result of the election. "Let us not please our opponents by abusing members of our own party for what was done or left undone," are the words of a prominent Republican near to the President; and they are worthy of being remembered and lived up to by every Republican.

There is still an element of doubt as to the control of the Senate after the 4th of next March. A majority of Republicans with whom your correspondent has talked on the subject express the wish that the Democrats may yet control of that too, in order that they may be in position to assume the full responsibility for the conduct of the government, and give the country some specimens of simonpure Democratic legislation. The idea of these gentlemen reduced to homely phraseology is that "the tail should go with the hide."

The Democratic majority in the next House will not be quite as large as it is now, but as it will be in the neighborhood of 100 it may said to be quite large enough for all practical purposes, in fact very much too large for the dispensers of federal patronage under the new administration, as every Democratic Congressman will come here howling for some of the "pap."

How we Go, and Grow.

Orange Judd Farmer.

Our country as a whole is making wonderful strides in material advancement, despite the cro kings of the calamity howlers, and of the political bums, too lazy to work but seeking office for its ease and emoluments, who cry on those unfortunate in their habits, or in health, or in their business, whether agricultural or otherwise. The official figures just made up for the fiscal year are remarkable The aggregate value of our dealings with other countries, that is the exports and imports, amount up to $1,857,726,910, nearly two billions, which is an increase over the the previous year of $128,329,904, and over the year before that of more than $370,000,000 (380,193,883). For the year just ended exports exceeded a billion dollars, or $1,030,335,026, made up of breadstuffs, $301,828,501; provisions, $147,411,386; cattle, sheep and hogs, $30,644,384; cotton, $258,417,447—a total of $733,342,112 from these four leading products of the soil: The balance of exports were: Mineral oils, $44,782,125; all other exports, metals, implements, various manufactured articles, etc., $237,665,370. Meat and dairy exports alone amounted to $137,411,386, and this in the face of cheap meat competition from South America, Australia, etc. Cotton exports, though large in amount, decreased about $32,000,000 in value, because of the unprecedentedly low prices due to overproduction. More cotton was raised than could be used, Our country bought of foreign products all we needed or could make use of except a few tariff-protected articles, mostly made up of costly silks and other things mainly used by the rich. Coffee and tea came in free and sugar also, except a small duty of 2c a pound on high grades refined abroad. The total imports of all kinds amounted to $858,384,284, of which $408,001,145, or over half came in free of duty. The average duty on all imports is 20.3 per cent. Deducting the imports from the exports it appears that our sales exceed purchases $202,944 342 during the twelve months ending June 30, a nice balance on the right side. Nothing in the world's history equals this showing.

A Million of Friends.

A friend in need is a friend indeed, and not less than one million people have found just such a friend in Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs, and Colds.—If you have never used this great cough medicine, one trial will convince you that it has wonderful curative powers in all diseases of throat, chest and lungs. Each bottle is guaranteed to do all that is claimed or the money will be refunded. Trial bottles free at Alex Wadsworth's drug store. Large bottles 50c and $1.00.

The Superior Court of Craven sentenced George Best, colored, to death for murder, He appealed to the Supreme Court, which has confirmed the judgment. The case was certified to the Governor, and he has issued the death warrant for December 16.

Pimples, blotches and sores, and their cause is removed by Simmons Liver Regulator.

LADIES

Needing a tonic, or children who want building up, should take

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS.

It is pleasant; cures Malaria, Indigestion, Biliousness, Liver Complaints and Neuralgia.

The First District.

The following is the vote of the First Congressional District, so as received up to going to press:

Currituck: For President, Newson 412 Cleveland 834, Weaver 11; for Governor; Furchese 386, Carr 106; for Senators, Newson a White——, Abbott and Gatling——; Congress, Gatling 308, Branch 887; for Representative, Taylor 304, Morse 295, Dey 298.

Pasquotank: Harrison 1244, Cleveland 891, Weaver 224, Prohibition 11; Governor, Furchese 1214, Carr 869, Exum 187, Prohibition 10; Congress, Gatling 1377, Branch 838, Prohibition 12; Senators, People's party 1405, Democrats 844; Representative, Pritchard 1359, Palmer 825, Barrington 43.

Chowan: Harrison 882, Cleveland 779, Weaver 80; Governor, Furchese 793, Carr 674, Exum 85; Congress, Gatling 771, Branch 690; Senators, White and Newsom 548, Abbott and Gatling 805; Representative, Shepard (dem.) 652. Lee (rep.) 568, Leary (ind. dem.) 330, Hobbs (ind. rep.) 55.

Perquimans: Harrison 840, Cleveland 490, Weaver ——; Governor, Furches 816, Carr 521, Exum 287; Congress, Gatling 797, Branch 489; Senators, People's party 685, Democrats 557; Representative, Parker (p. p.) 654, Skinner 503, Chappel (ind. rep.) 422. The "fusion" county ticket elected by majorities ranging from 300 to 500.

Tyrrell: Harrison 295, Cleveland 242, Weaver 248; Governor, Furchese 275, Carr 248, Exum 241; Congress, Gatling 524, Branch 237; Senators, People's party 539, Democrats 229. The Peoples party elected the Representative and the county ticket excepting Register of Deeds, to which office D. O. Newberry, Republican, was re-elected.

Washington: Harrison 692, Cleveland 533, Weaver 283; Governor, Furchese 423, Carr 576, Exum 414; Congress, Gatling 722, Branch 579.

Martin: Harrison 1091, Cleveland 1454, Weaver 291; Governor, Furchese 1009, Carr 1485, Exum 346; Congress, Gatling 673 (six hundred of his votes were illegally thrown out), Branch 1447. The Democratic Senators and Representative carried this county by a little over 200.

Beaufort: Harrison 1612, Cleveland 1865; Governor, Furchese, 1510, Carr 1949, Exum 604; Congress, Gatling 770 (980 votes thrown out,) Branch 1954.

We had hoped to get the full vote of the District for this issue, but it has been impossible. The Democrats claim Congressman, Senators —about everything.

Affections of the bowels, so prevalent in children, cured by Simmons Liver Regulator.

The Chronicle says the arrival of convicts at the Penetentiary have been fewer in number during the past six months during the same period in years.

A dose of Simmons Liver Regulator, taken daily, will relieve and prevent indigestion.

NOTICE.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, Eastern District of North Carolina.

Whereas a libel has been filed in the District Court of the United States for the Eastern District of North Carolina on the 6th day of October 1892, by Ruffin Coffield against the steamer Frances, her engine, apparel and furniture, alleging in substance, that there is due the said Coffield in a cause of wages, civil and maritime for services rendered on said steamer as engineer, the sum of fifty-one dollars and twenty-three cents ($51.23), and praying process against the said steamer Frances her engine, apparel and furniture, for the said wages, and that the said steamer Frances etc., may be condemned and sold to pay said wages with costs, charges and expenses.

Now, therefore, in pursuance of the monition under the seal of the said court to me directed and delivered, I do hereby give public notice to all persons claiming the said steamer, her engine, apparel and furniture, or in any manner interested therein, that they be and appear before the said District Court to be held at Elizabeth City, N. C. on Wednesday, the 16th day of November, 1892, (provided the said day be a day of jurisdiction, otherwise on the next day of jurisdiction thereafter) then and there to interpose their claims and to make their alligation in that behalf.

Dated the 5th of November 1892.

J. B. HILL, U. S. M.
Per L. Hornthal, D. U. S. M.

W. J. GRIFFIN, Proctor for Libellant.

TWO UNUSUALLY GOOD OFFERS.

Real Christmas Gifts.

FIRST: The great Holiday Number (enlarged to 256 pages) of that brightest of quarterly publications,

"TALES FROM TOWN TOPICS"

Out December first, all news and book stands and railway trains, price 50c, will be sent

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The largest, raciest, Strongest, and most varied and Entertaining weekly Journals in the world

SECOND: To all who will send $5.00, will be sent TOWN TOPICS and "TALES FROM TOWN TOPICS" from date until January 1, 1894, covering five numbers of the inimitable quarterly (regular price $2.50) and 14 months of the greatest of family weeklies (regular price $14.00 per year.)

☞Take one or the other offers at once and remit in postal notes, orders or New York exchange to

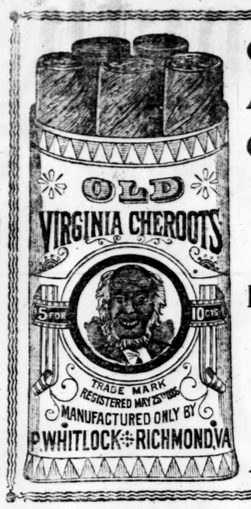
TOWN TOPICS, 21 West 23d St., New York

NOTICE OF INCORPORATION OF BUFFALO CITY MILLS (*Limited.*)

Notice is hereby given that on October 14th, 1892, articles of incorporation were filed in the office of the Clerk of the Superior Court of Dare County, North Carolina, for a mining and manufacturing corporation known as the "Buffalo City Mills, Limited." The business proposed to be conducted by the corporation is the purchase and sale of real estate and of growing timber; the manufacturing of lumber, shingles and all forms of wood; building tramways, railways, canals, telegraphs &c.; conducting generally timber and lumber business; cutting, manufacturing and preparing for market juniper, cypress, pine and all woods; cultivating the lands of the company for agricultural purposes; stock-raising; mining for fertilizing materials, &c.; operating fisheries; planting and working oyster beds; conducting a mercantile business in the counties of Dare, Pasquotank, Tyrrell, Hyde and elsewhere in North Carolina and maintaining agencies in other States, etc. Corporators: William P. Kamps, John W. Wheelock, Thomas G. Lovegrove and others. Capital stock $100,000; shares $100 each.

Witness my hand and the seal of the Superior Court of Dare County.

JOHN W. EVANS, Clerk Superior Court of Dare. Oct. 17th 1892.



COMFORT - - - - -

AND - - - - - -

CASH - - - - - -

You can save Cash and increase your Comfort at the same time.

HOW? - - - - - -

Why, buy FIVE OLD VIRGINIA CHEROOTS for TEN CENTS, instead of a TEN CENT CIGAR. 6

DR. BULL'S COUGH SYRUP

THE BEST MADE 25¢.

Sold by all dealers in medicine.

SALVATION OIL

Price only 25 Cts. Sold by all dealers.

Positively cures Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Swellings, Bruises, Lumbago, Sprains, Headache, Toothache, Burns, Cuts, Wounds, Scalds, Backache, etc.

CHEW LANGE'S PLUGS, The Great Tobacco Antidote!—Price 10 Cts. At all druggists.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made at the next General Assembly of North Carolina to amend the charter of the town of Elizabeth City.

MANY CITIZENS.

NOTICE.

North Carolina Pasquotank County. In the Superior Court.

John L. Munden and Lutie Munden, petitioners, vs. Mary W. Munden, Clarence A. Munden, Charles W. Munden, Penelope F. Munden and Joshua W. Munden, respondents.

The defendants will take notice: That the above named plaintiffs or petioners have filed a petition in the Superior Court of Pasquotank County, for the partition of the lands of the late James H. Munden among his heirs at law, said to be the parties to this proceeding. And the said defendants, especially Mary W. Munden, who is a non-resident of the State of North Carolina, will take notice that they are required to appear at the Courthouse in Pasquotank County on the 17th day of November 1892 and answer the complaint or petition in this cause filed in the Superior Court, or demur to the same, otherwise the relief prayed for will be granted.

Signed at office in Elizabeth City, N. C. this the 1st, September, 1892.

J. P. OVERMAN, C. S. C.

Salem Female Academy,

—SALEM, N. C.—

The Oldest Female College in the South

The 91st Annual Session begins September 1st, 1892. Register for last year 327 Special features: **the Development of Health, Character and Intellect.** Buildings thoroughly remodelled. Fully equipped Preparatory, Collegiate and Post Graduate Departments, besides first-class schools in **Music, Art Languages, Elocution, Commercial and Industrial** studies JOHN H. CLEWELL, Principal.

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Successor to
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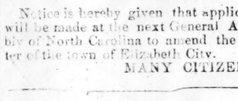


In Fresh Fish, Lobster

Etc., Etc:

NO. 12 FULTON FISH MARKET
NEW YORK.

☞North Carolina Shad a Specialty
No Agents.

"KIN-GO TEA"

is a choice blend of fine, high-grade Chinese Tea. Put up in attractive and original packages and packed in handsome counter display boxes of six pounds each (either size); is only sold in packages, at a reasonable and much lower price to the consumer than any other package tea on the market of any merit whatever and affords the dealer a fair profit; is a thoroughly reliable, first-class article, absolutely pure, always the same; free from dust.

DEALERS

will find the Five and Ten Cent packages the cheapest and most salable package tea on the market and consumers pronounce it "the best and most economical." Kin-Go Tea is convenient to handle, easy to sell and has proved a big success wherever introduced.

We are extremely anxious to have all dealers stock this tea, and earnestly request that you include a few boxes with your next order to your wholesale house; or order direct of us, we will see that you are supplied. For further information address

THE KIN-GO TEA CO., Baltimore, Md.

SEEDS

12 pkt's Flower 10c.
12 pkt's Vegetable 30c.
6 Dahlias 50c.
10 Gladiolus 30c.
All $1. Half 50c.
Price List FREE.

BEST-CHEAPEST H. F. BURT, Taunton, Mass.

$3000 A YEAR! I undertake to briefly teach any fairly intelligent person of either sex, who can read and write, and who, after instruction, will work industriously, how to earn Three Thousand Dollars a Year in their own localities, wherever they live. I will also furnish the situation or employment at which you can earn that amount. No money for me unless successful as above. Easily and quickly learned. I desire but one worker from each district or county. I have already taught and provided with employment a large number, who are making over $3000 a year each. It's NEW and SOLID. Full particulars FREE. Address at once, E. G. ALLEN, Box 420, Augusta, Maine.

No. 8. Front sectional view showing position of removable
GURNEY REFRIGERATOR CO., Fond du Lac, Wis.
THE GREATEST REFRIGERATOR IMPROVEMENT OF THE AGE.

SAVE 50%

BY COOKING

YOUR FEED!

BE progressive, inform yourself, investigate what we claim. If it is true you want to avail yourself of it. 5 Hundreds of farmers and stock-feeders testify to its great merits.

SAVE EXPENSE OF GRINDING

MAKES TWICE THE FAT

FEEDS DOUBLE THE STOCK,

SAVES Two Dollars every time the contents are cooked and fed out.

CIRCULARS, FULL INFORMATION AND POINTS TO STOCK-FEEDERS FREE.

Mitchell Machine Co., KENDALLVILLE, INDIANA.

P. P. P.

The PROVIDENTIAL PILE PREPARATION is sold under a positive guarantee to cure any case of Piles if our directions are followed. For sale by your druggist, or post paid on receipt of price, $1.00, and our guarantee to refund same if no cure follows our directions. References, any Bank in the United States.

Providential Pile Preparation Co.
SOUTH PITTSBURGH, TENN.

WANTED
LIVE AGENTS

In every town in each state to sell our Solid Columbian Silver Table Knives and Forks; these goods are not plated goods but solid, and will hold their color equal to sterling silver goods and will cost only about one-quarter the prices of solid sterling silver. The goods are sold by agents only and we warrant them to stand the test of years or refund the money, a guarantee will go with each dozen and backed up by an old reliable company which has the reputation of making the best goods on the market. Samples sent on reciept of 25 cents, for which we will forward you our prices and discount to agents. Agents make from 10 to 25 dollars per day.

—ADDRESS—

The Upson & Hart Co.
Unionville, Conn.

FOR DYSPEPSIA,
Indigestion, and Stomach disorders, take
BROWN'S IRON BITTERS.
All dealers keep it, $1 per bottle. Genuine has trade-mark and crossed red lines on wrapper

DIFFUSIBLE TONIC FOR ALL FEVERS

The Only Remedy of its Kind.

RELIEVES AT ONCE

all Feverish conditions. When used promptly, in the first stages, will prevent Malarial Fever, Typhoid Fever, Yellow Fever, and quickly relieves all serious conditions in Hay Fever, Measles, Scarlet Fever and Diphtheria.

Guaranteed to Break up Chills and Fever, Ague Colds and La Grippe at once. No Bad Effects.

A Medical Record Without Parallel:

Yellow Fever, Jacksonville, Fla., 1888; Typhoid Fever, Neptune, Mich., 1889; Malarial Fever, Chills and Fever, Colds, Scarlet Fever, Measles and Influenza or La Grippe.

The Proprietor's guarantee with $1.00 bottles. Sold by Druggists at 50c and $1 per bottle. Prepared by Diffusible Tonic Co., Sturgis, Mich.

DIFFUSIBLE TONIC FOR CHILLS

TOWER'S TRADE MARK FISH BRAND Oil Clothing

is warranted the Best in the World! Is more WATERPROOF, Is STRONGER, and will WEAR LONGER than any other goods manufactured. Ask for the "FISH BRAND;" take no other. A. C. ZIRCKEL & BRO., Sole Agents, Baltimore, Md.

ROYAL SEWING MACHINE

WARRANTED 5 YEARS

Has a Large High Arm.
Has a Self-setting Needle.
Has a Self-threading Shuttle.
Has No Equal in Construction.
Has a Mechanical Appearance.
Has an Elegant Finish.
Has a Perfect Adjustment.
Has a Positive Take-up.
Has Stylish Furniture.
Has More Good Sewing Qualities and does a Larger Range of General Work than any Sewing Machine in the World.

Examine THE ROYAL for points of excellence, and you will buy no other.

ROYAL S. M. CO., Rockford, Ill.

NO CURE NO PAY

ON RECEIPT OF 50 CENTS WE WILL MAIL A BOX OF

TETTERINE!

THE ONLY INFALLIBLE CURE FOR

Tetter, Ground Itch, Itching Piles, Ring Worm and all Itching Skin Diseases.

If you have TETTER, it matters not how long it has existed, TETTERINE will as certainly cure you as you use it.

Harmless, Painless and Fragrant.

MONEY Refunded if you are dissatisfied with the results—References—Southern Bank of the State of Georgia, Chatham Bank, and National Bank of Savannah.

J. T. SHUPTRINE & BRO.
SAVANNAH, GA.

DR. BULL'S COUGH SYRUP

THE BEST MADE 25 Cts.

Sold by all dealers in medicine.

PURE STEEL ROOFING.

Metallic Weather Boarding,
Complete Ceilings,
Corrugated Sheeting,
Roofing Paints,
Iron Roofing,
Eave Troughs, Gutters and Spouting.

All forms of Sheet Metal for Building COMPLETE AND READY (TO APPLY WHEN SHIPPED.)

WE WANT —AN— AGENT

In this town—an energetic workman to take order, and APPLY our materials in this vicinity.

Correspondence solicited; write for prices and terms.

SCOTT & CO., Cincinnati, Ohio.
ESTABLISHED 1872.

DR. THACHER'S Liver and Blood SYRUP

A POWERFUL TONIC
PURE LIVER REGULATOR
PERFECT BLOOD PURIFIER

Mr. Bert Marchbanks, Druggist, Sparta, Tenn., informs us that a case of scrofulous sore eyes was cured by taking three large bottles of Dr. Thacher's Liver and Blood Syrup.

Price, 50c and $1.

Trouble on Liver and Blood Diseases Mailed Free.

Dr. H. S. Thacher Medicine Co.
CHATTANOOGA, TENN.

MARYLAND ROASTER AND BAKER

FOR MEATS, FOWL, FISH, ETC., AND FOR BAKING BREAD, CAKES AND PUDDINGS.

BEST SIMPLEST AND CHEAPEST

THE STEAM produced by the process of cooking cannot escape, is absorbed by the article in the roaster, and acts as a basting. There is no evaporation, no drying up or burning, hence no shrinkage or loss of weight, and all the flavor and nutritious qualities of the food are retained. Tough meats are made tender, and any article roasted or baked will be sweeter, healthier and more digestible. Put the food in the roaster, place the roaster in a well heated oven; the roaster will do the cooking. It requires no attention. Can only be bought from dealers, the trade supplied by:

MATTHAI, INGRAM & CO.,
120 HANOVER ST., BALTIMORE, MD.
64 READE ST., NEW YORK.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN.

And other specialties for Gentlemen, Ladies, Boys and Misses are the

Best in the World.

See descriptive advertisement which will appear in this paper.

Take no Substitute, but insist on having W. L. DOUGLAS' SHOES, with name and price stamped on bottom. Sold by

O. WILL & CO.

TAKE AN AGENCY FOR DAGGETT'S Self-basting ROASTING PAN

Needed in every family. Saves 20 Per Cent. in Roasting and Makes the Best Bread in the world.

BEST UTENSIL in the universe. Address nearest office for terms.

W. A. Daggett & Co., Vineland, N. J., Boston, Mass., Atlanta, Ga., Chicago, Ill., Salt Lake City, Utah, Oakland, Cal., Galveston, Tex.

USE Dr. SALMON'S HOG CHOLERA SPECIFIC

CHICKEN POWDER. SHEEP POWDER. CATTLE POWDER. CONDITION POWDER.

PREVENT & CURE HOG CHOLERA. DESTROY & PREVENT HOG LICE & WORMS. WE CAN CURE CATTLE MURRAIN, TEXAS FEVER & CURE CHICKEN CHOLERA & GAPES. CURE SHEEP ROT, TAPE WORM &c.

THE VETERINARY MEDICINE CO NASHVILLE, TENN.

SEND FOR CIRCULARS AND PRICES.

Great Western ORGAN

Handsomer Than Ever. Finest of All.

Solid Walnut, Burled Panels, Elegant Finish.

A MAGNIFICENT ORGAN with a pure singing tone, from the softest whisper of a lute, to the grand harmony of an orchestra. 10 stops, 5 octaves, 4 sets of reeds and double couplers.

NEW STYLE 21 With Stool & Instructor ONLY $80

AND WE PAY THE FREIGHT.

Phillips & Crew Co., Atlanta, Ga. ESTABLISHED 1865.

THREE Pozzoni's POINTS

COMPLEXION

POWDER: SAFE; CURATIVE; BEAUTIFYING. 1. 2. 3.

THREE White, Flesh, Brunette. POZZONI'S All Druggists and Fancy Stores. TINTS

SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR

SYMPTOMS OF LIVER DISEASE:

Loss of appetite; bad breath; bad taste in the mouth; tongue coated; pain under the shoulder blade, in the back or side—often mistaken for rheumatism; sour stomach with flatulency and water-brash; indigestion; bowels lax and costive by turns; headache, with dull, heavy sensation; restlessness, with sensation of having left something undone which ought to have been done; fullness after eating; bad temper; blues; tired feeling; yellow appearance of skin and eyes; dizziness, etc.

Not all, but always some of these indicate want of action of the Liver. For

A Safe, Reliable Remedy

that can do no harm and has never been known to fail to do good,

Take Simmons Liver Regulator

—AN EFFECTUAL, SPECIFIC FOR—

Malaria, Bowel Complaint, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Constipation, Biliousness, Kidney Affections, Jaundice, Mental Depression, Colic.

A PHYSICIAN'S OPINION.

"I have been practicing medicine for twenty years, and have never been able to put up a vegetable compound that would, like Simmons Liver Regulator, promptly and effectually move the Liver to action, and at the same time aid instead of weakening the digestive and assimilative powers of the system."

L. M. HINTON, M. D., Washington, Ark.

ONLY GENUINE

Has our Z Stamp in red on front of wrapper.

J. H. Zeilin & Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

DIRECTORY.

THE CITY.

Mayor—W. C. Glover. Commissioners—W. C. Davis, Geo. W. Cobb, C. W. Overman, B. L. Banks and W. G. Underwood, Clerk—E. M. Underwood. Treasurer—G. D. B. Pritchard, Constable and Collector—Thomas Spires. Attorney—W. J. Griffin. Street Commissioner—S. D. Barnes. Fire Commissioners—C. E. Kramer and T. S. White.

Collector of Customs—Palemon John Postmaster—C. Gurkin.

Examining Surgeons of Pensions—Drs. J. E. Wood, W. W. Griggs and W. J. Leinsden. Meet on the 1st and 3rd Wednesdays of each month at corner of Road and Church streets.

CHURCHES.

Methodist—Rev. E. M. Jordan, Pastor. Baptist—Rev. C. A. G. Thomas, Pastor. Episcopal—Rev. L. L. Williams, Rector. Presbyterian—Rev. F. H. Johnston, Pastor.

COLORED. Methodist—Rev. M. P. Hawkins, Pastor. Baptist, Corner Stone—Elder Z. H. Berry, Pastor. Olive Branch—Elder J. A. Faulk, Pastor.

LODGES.

Masonic: Pasquotank Lodge, No. 317—Dr. W. W. Griggs W. M., D. B. Bradford Sec'y, and D. S. Kramer Treasurer.

Odd Fellows: Achoree Lodge, No. 14—B. L. Banks, N. G., H. O. Hill, Sec'y, J. F. Sanders, Treasurer.

Royal Arcanum: Tiber Creek Council, No. 1209—J. P. Overman Regent, C. E. Kramer Secretary, W. J. Woodley Treas., F. M. Cook Jr, Collector.

American Legion of Honor J. D. Fulmer, Commander; Zenas Fearing, Secretary, G. W. Bell, Treasurer.

Knights of Honor—John H. Engle, Dictator; J. H. Burgess, Reporter; J. P. Overman, Treasurer.

U. S. Benevolent Fraternity—J. F. Sanders, President; C. E. Kramer, Recording Secretary; C. A. Banks, Financial Secretary; I. B. Wilson, Treasurer.

THE COUNTY.

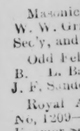
Commissioners: G. M. Scott, Chairman; Elisha Lister, Elliott Whitehurst, Rufus Scott, M. W. Bufkins. Sheriff, Tho's P. Wilcox. Superior Court Clerk, John P. Overman. Register of Deeds, M. B. Culpepper. Treasurer, Geo. W. Cobb. Board of Education, W. J. Griffin, R. B. Creecy jr., and N. E. Jones. Superintendent of Public Instruction, S. L. Sheep

—MISCELLANEOUS.—

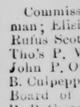
G. W. Ward.
Attorney-at-Law.
ELIZABETH CITY, - N. C.
Collections promptly made.
Will practice in State and Federal Courts

C. C. Pool.
Attorney-at-Law.
Real Estate a Specialty
OFFICE IN THE CAROLINIAN BUILDING,
ELIZABETH CITY, - N. C.

W. ALBERTSON. J. W. ALBERTSON JR.
J. W. ALBERTSON & SON,
Attorneys and Counselors-at-Law
Practice in the Superior Courts of the Albemarle District, and the Supreme and Federal Courts of the State.

T. P. WHITE,

BOOT & SHOEMAKER
2d door North of Poindexter Street Bridge, near the Depot
☞ Patching and Mending Rubber Boots a specialty.

GEO. W. BELL.
Gun-Smith,
At the Old Stand on Road Street
ELIZABETH City, N. C.

F. M. COOK,

JEWELER.
East Main Street,
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

Fred Davis,
DEALER IN COAL

COAL OF ALL SIZES AND OF BEST QUALITY CONSTANTLY ON HAND.
All Orders filled Promptly.
All coal is screened before leaving the yard, Lowest prices guaranteed.
Office on Water street, Elizabeth City, N. C

NEW FURNITURE STORE

—0-0—

We have opened a large first-class Furniture Store in the room recently occupied by J. Y. Old & son, on Water street. We have a large and nicely selected stock of all kinds of
FURNITURE
—AND—
FURNISHING GOODS
which will be sold at "bottom prices."
☞ Goods will also be sold on the installment plan,

T. B. WILSON & CO.

The North Carolinian.

Wednesday, Nov. 16, 1892.

☞ Bets settled nothing, but it was a sad day for some people when they had to settle their bets.

☞ It is stated that Rev. Thomas Dixon jr. has accepted an invitation to join a party here on a hunting expedition down the Sound right after Thanksgiving.

☞ In reply to a Gritton correspondent the CAROLINIAN replies that the Manager referred to is a Democrat and contributed largely to the Cleveland campaign fund.

☞ Defeated, but not dismayed. In November '96 the political pendulum will swing back again. In the meanwhile the CAROLINIAN will appear regularly every Wednesday morning, bright, newsy and hopeful, "with malice toward none," but kindly feelings for all.

☞ The time has come for a re-discussion of the Oyster question. This section is interested in the matter Changes are needed in the law enacted by the last Legislature. Senator Morgan took the right position It is to be hoped that the Senators elect will do the same.

☞ The scramble for the Federal "loaves and fishes" in the District has already begun! The famous George William Curtis used to say that the "Democrats are always hungry and thirsty for office!" A dozen, more or less, are already after each place! And how mad the eleven disappointed ones will be!

☞ While the CAROLINIAN does not endorse, as a whole, the platform of the Peoples' party, there are some things they advocate that has its full approval. It believes that the masses of the members of that party are sincere and honest, and that the tirades and abuse of the Democratic press was not only uncalled for but, in a country where the right of opinion should be respectfully tolerated and action in accordance with honest conviction defended, it was unjust and inexcusably wrong.

☞ A sixteen year old daughter of Mr. John Hampton, residing on Church Island, in Currituck, committed suicide on the morning of the 9th inst, by shooting herself in the temple with a pistol. It is reported that while at the breakfast table her father took occasion to reprimand and threaten to chastise a younger brother for whom she appeared to have an oversensative attachment. She immediately left the table, went to her room and committed the fatal act.

☞ To the inquiries about the election, and especially whether the result would have been different with some other candidate, the CAROLINIAN replies that it thinks not. No Administration ever went before the country with a cleaner record. It is the policy not the personnel of the Administration that has been condemned. Now that Mr. Cleveland is likely to be sustained by a majority in both branches of Congress, the new policy can have trial. See comments by Mr. Blaine in another column.

☞ The vote of Pasquotank is given in another column. It will be seen that Harrison's majority is 443; Furches 345; Gatling 539, and Pritchard for Representative 534. The Republican County ticket was elected by majorities as follows: Wilcox for Sheriff over Cohoon, 591; Culpepper for Register of Deeds over Thompson, 726; Morris for Treasurer over Bell, 376; Madrin for Coroner over Griggs, 589, and Pritchard for Surveyor over Underwood, 569. All things considered, the majorities are satisfactory.

☞ Ten days before the election the Democrats in this District realized that unless they could make inroads on the negro vote Riddick Gatling would be elected to Congress by a decided majority. A concerted movement to this end was made all along the line. As a part of the programe an unscrupulous emissary came to Currituck from Washington City with "boodle" and a colored bogus "Baptist preacher." The former used the boodle where it would "do the most good," and the latter held night meetings advising the colored people not to vote for Gatling, telling them "he is a much worse Democrat than Branch." The two together succeeded in causing Gatling's vote to fall over 200 short. Another manipulator visited Camden and other counties, flush with "boodle," held conferences with hitherto trusted leaders, and with a similar result. Who furnished the money?

——But to make it doubly sure, 600 Gatling votes were thrown out in Martin and 980 in Beaufort on the utterly frivolous pretext that the words "the Fifty-third" were not on the tickets. They were printed exactly as those for the District have been for twenty years, designating the office and naming the district, the candidate and the county of his residence, A contest would decide that they should be counted; and every honest man will say they ought to be.

☞ Thought is the motor of progress.

☞ Delays are always dangerous.

☞ Dishonest work degrades the soul.

— A Horse for Sale. Gentle for work or driving. Inquire at this Office.

☞ The worst thing finds some one to support it.

— A nice assortment of fine black dress goods at reduced prices at Fowler & Co.'s. If you can't call and examine send for samples.

☞ Careful selection in breeding stock is the key to improvement.

☞ Be sure that there is money in your business and then stick to it.

——Ladies and Misses Newmarkets, $2.50 each at Fowler & Co.'s. They were carried over from last year and must be sold. Also a lot of children's cloaks, size from from four to six years, from $1.25 up.

☞ More land than can be cultivated is, as a rule, a drawback.

☞ The world is full of light; open your eyes and look around.

——A lot of boys suits at $1.25 a suit and a few boys overcoats at $1.25 each at Fowler & Co.'s to close, also a lot of broken sizes in men's suits that will be sold at a cut price.

☞ The regular annual Methodist Conference is now in session at Norfolk.

☞ Many a man thinks he can read a woman "just like a book" till he tries to shut her up.

——THE VERDICT IS! "Upon the evidence in this case, we unanimously find that Robinson & Co. sells the lowest.

☞ In Camden the Republican candidates for Representative and Register of Deeds were elected.

☞ The hunters are now and then capturing a bear; and "coon and possum" hunting is now in order.

☞ A great theologian once stated that a man's othodoxy depended in large measure on his cook. The latter could add to or subtract from spiritual equation by feeding him well or ill. It does make a difference.

Attention to the daily habits of the young prevents suffering. Take Simmons Liver Regulator.

☞ A cotemporary remarks that trouble and kin and cats are about the only things a man can have that other people don't try to get away from him.

——Off its base. The stove that's moved to make room for one of Robinson & Co's NEW LEE Cook Stoves.

☞ The anti-Peoples' party "boodle" didn't avail in Pasquotank. The colored Judases who pocketed it didn't succeed in delivering the promised votes.

Grist Mill Machinery for Sale Two runs of Mill stones and other machinery in good running order for sale cheap. Apply to Union Lumber Company,

☞ At the residence of Mr. M. R. Pritchard, on the 10th inst, by Henry M. Pritchard, J P., Mr. J. W. Stafford was married to Miss Martha L. Madrin, both of Providence, this county.

—If You don't buy your goods until you can beat Robinson & Co's. prices, you are in for a life-long wail.

☞ The campaign ended and the election over, the CAROLINIAN will again devote more attention to the Industrial and Business interests of the Town and District, and keep up its standard as the leading and best news and family paper in the District. The price of subscription is $1.50 a year.

—IF ROBINSON & Co. can't sell you, who can? They are headquarters on groceries and hardware.

☞ The lusty rooster is now a prominent feature of the Democratic newspapers these days. A jubilant, high-stepping, loud-crowing rooster is he. He wears spurs, his head is thrown well back and he looks every inch the monarch of all he surveys. A fine bird. But then the bird that will have the floor, or rather will be tabled in a few days, will be more generally popular. The CAROLINIAN is ready to swap its rooster for turkey. The offer stands open till Thanksgiving!

—Engle's gallery will be supplied with good help during the great rush on Fair week. Mr. Viggo Lund, who made such fine work here one year ago, will have charge of the Gallery when I am away.
JNO. F. ENGLE.

☞ Reading farmers are now becoming familiar with the law of growth—whether in ox, hog or sheep—that the older and larger the animal the greater per cent of food is required for the food of support, and hence the less is available for the food of increase. The number of pounds of a given ration will make constantly decreases with the age of the animal until a point is reached where feeding is altogether a waste. Looking at the subject from this standpoint the verdict would be in favor of finishing steers and hogs at the very earliest age at which the animals will bring a good price in the markets.

The reputation of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup, the infallible remedy for all diseases of the throat and chest, has undergone no diminution in the past century. The strong hold which it has upon the confidence of the people is due not alone to its great success as a cough cure, but also to the fact that it has maintained a uniformed standard of excellence since its origin.

LOCAL MENTION

The editor of the CAROLINIAN isn't jubilating, but he serenely submits to the irresistable. He has "been there" before.—Miss Mae Engle is visiting friends in Philadelphia.—There is no cement that will restore a shattered promise.—Our well known townsman Mr. Reuben Madrin, the Road street Undertaker, after being elected Coroner on Tuesday, went and got married on Wednesday, the bride being Miss Mary Bright of Newland. The CAROLINIAN tenders congratulations —The local poet says that woman is a marvel;

She hides her love and her hate conceals,
And pain like a stoic bears,
And admiration can always feign
For the handsomer hat and longer train,
That another woman wears.

—The devil, like the quack doctor, charges nothing for advice but makes you pay dearly if you follow it.—Two new schooners, named "Rosa B. Cora" and "Howard W." have just been built and launched at Pailin's Shipyard. They will be ready for service in about ten days.—No matter how little man wants here below he never gets quite all of it.—The new residence of Mrs. Holmes on upper Main street is now about finished. It is quite handsome.—It rather puts a belle on her metal when she is extolled.—Let the subject of water works begin to be discussed.—The faces of our Democratic friends and fellow citizens are wreathed in smiles. Why not? Under similar circumstances ours would be. Its their party victory and we take no exceptions to their "feeling good" and rejoicing over it, As the Versifier has it:

We're are subject to the decrees of fate,
And failure is not a crime,
Of course the successful candidate
Comes up smiling every time.

—Dr J. H. White, our popular dentist, is erecting a very pretty new residence on West Main Street.—Doctrine brings no sinners to repentance.—The large stores of P. W. Melick on Water street, and C. W. Overman on Poindexter street, are nearing completion. They will be among the handsomest in the city.—There are some people who can't stand the prosperity of their neighbors.—Among our merchants who, in addition to a very extensive retail trade do a large wholesale business in their respective lines, are Robinson & Co., Fowler & Co., and J. B. Flora & Co. They are all live and successful business men.—Frank Vaughan, Esq, has removed his law office into the large west rooms in the first story of the CAROLINIAN building.—Some men's idea of economy is in telling their wives how to save money.—The whooping majority of 720 for M. B. Culpepper for Register of Deeds didn't cause him to loose and sleep; and our excellent sheriff, T. P. Wilcox, to defeat whom a special and extraordinary effort was made, being sustained by the people to the tune of 591 majority, is enjoying his regular meals with a hearty appetite.—A mean man generally feels better when he meets a man who is more of a rogue than he is. "You are not opposed to me?" he said, As the maid to his side he drew, "Not at all," she said, as her face grew red, "I feel quite drawn to you."

—Something all have on hand, nails. —Mr. S. S. Fowler, after having served a number ef years as Superintendent of the Methodist Sunday School, has resigned and Mr. J. D. Fulmer has been elected to succeed him.—Our genial Democratic friend Mr. W. Lynch, of Upper Camden, called on Monday.—The office of Judge Pool has been removed to the West front room in the second story of the CAROLINIAN Building.—Our staunch Republican friend H, W. Styron, of Hatteras, called and paid his respects yesterday. He says: "It is only for four years."—Mr. G. B. Thompson is gradually growing weaker.—Miss Edith Roach, of Maryland, who has been visiting friends here, has returned home.—Mr. B. Ehringhause has purchased the handsome residence of W. J. Griffin on Fearing street.—An old "landmark," the law office long occupied by Mr. Frank Vaughan on Main street, has been moved to Mathews street —A number of young ladies and gentlemen met at the home of Miss Ella V. John on Shepard street last night and enjoyed a social good time.

A Comment by Mr. Blaine.

A Senator who has had a short conversation with Mr. Blaine says that it is the great ex-Secretary's opinion that, having lost the Presidency, the loss of the Senate as well as the House is not an added misfortune to the party. It now becomes absolutely necessary for the Democrats to adopt in the next two years a definite policy. There can be no evasion, no subterfuge, no division of responsibility, as there was from 1885 to 1889. They have won the election on the cry that the rich are daily growing richer and the poor poorer. They have asked every man if he thinks he has his full share of the world's riches, and have bidden him to vote the Democratic ticket and thus secure an "equal division of profits." This is indeed a favorite expression of Mr. Cleveland.

Coming into full control of the legislative as well as the executive function of the government, he and his party must now meet the full expection of the disappointed in every walk of life, and see that the prices of farm products as well as the wages in manufacturing industries are made satisfactory.

The Democratic policy will be judged solely by its fruits. If the poor do not become richer and the rich less selfish Mr. Cleveland's theories will be a failure and the Democratic campaign a fraud.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE

Good Looks.

Good looks are more than skin deep, depending upon a healthy condition of all the vital organs. If the liver be inactive, you have a bilious look, if your stomach be disordered you have a dyspeptic look and if your kidney be affected you have a pinched look. Secure good health and you will have good looks. Electric Bitters is the great alternative and tonic, acts directly on these vital organs. Cures pimples, blotches, boils and gives a good complexion. Sold at Alex Wadsworth's drug store, 50c per bottle.

The election has proved to be a landslide, an avalanche, a cyclone, a tidal-wave.

The popularity and fame of Salvation Oil, has extended year by year since its first introduction until its name has become as familiar as household words from Main to California. The proprietors are in daily receipt of numerous convincing testimony from thoroughly trustworthy persons certifying to the marvelous cures of rheumatism and neuralgia wrought by this truly wonderful liniment. Each mail adds new wreaths to its laurels. Price 25 cents.

—BRICK FOR SALE. A large quantity of well-burned, first-class quality of Brick now ready for the market at the "Thompson Brick Works." Address, F. G. Thompson, Manager, Elizabeth City, N. C.

CONSUMPTION CURED.

AN old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary, the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma and all Throat and Lung Affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive and a desire to relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge, to all who desire it, this recipe, in German, French or English with full directions for preparing and using. Sent by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper, W. A. NOYES, 820 Powers Block, Rochester, N. Y.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers Salt Rheum, Fever, Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cts per box. FOR SALE BY A. WADSWORTH.

A GOLD WATCH AND $240.

This is what every Agent receives who gets up a Club on our $1 per week plan.

Our 14 karet gold-filled cases are warranted for 20 years. Fine Elgin or Waltham movement. Stem wind and set, Ladies or Gents size. Equal to any $50 watch To secure agents where we have none, we sell one of the Hunting Case Watches for the Club price $28 and send C. O. D. by express with privilege of examination before paying for same.

Our agent at Durham, N. C., writes: "Our Jewelers have confessed they don't know how you can furnish such work for the money."

One good reliable agent wanted for each place. Write for particulars.

EMPIRE WATCH CO.,
11-4 '91. 1yr. New York.

LADIES ARE UNFORTUNATE,

because the higher they rise in society the weaker they find themselves bodily. Risley's Philotoken controls the nerves, aids nature in her various functions, and thus combats with the many ills of womankind successfully, If your druggist has not got it he will order it for you for $1 a bottle, from Chas. F. Risley, Wholesale Druggist, 62 Courtlandt St, New York. Send for a descriptive pamphlet with directions and certificates from many ladies who have used it and can't say enough in favor of Risley's Philotoken
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- PATENTS. -

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OPPOSITE PATENT OFFICE,
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Neuralgic Persons

And those troubled with nervousness resulting from care or overwork will be relieved by taking *Brown's Iron Bitters.* Genuine has trade mark and crossed red lines on wrapper

FAVORITE SINGER!
Warranted for Five Years.
LOW ARM
ONLY
$20

HIGH ARM $25.00.
OUR FAVORITE SINGER
Drop Leaf, Fancy Cover, Large Drawers, Nickel Rings, Tucker, Ruffler, Binder, Four Widths of Hemmers
Sent on trial. Delivered in your home free of freight charges. Buy only of Manufacturers. Save Canvassers' Commissions. Get New Machines. Address for Circulars and Testimonials,
Co-Operative Sewing Machine Company,
323 S. 11th St., Philadelphia, Pa.

—TRAVEL & TRANSPORTATION.—

Norfolk and Southern R. R.

Schedule in Effect June 1st, 1891.

Norfolk & Southern R. R. Mail and Express Trains, Southbound, daily (except Sundays,) leave Elizabeth City at 11.35 A. M., and on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6.00 P. M., Northbound, daily except Sundays, leave Elizabeth City at 2.35 P. M., and on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 9.00 A. M. Both trains arrive at and depart from Norfolk and Western Depot, Norfolk. Connect at Norfolk with all Rail and Steamer lines, and at Edenton with Steamers for Roanoke, Washington and Scuppernong Rivers. Transfer steamer to Mackey's Ferry, then by N. & S. R. R. to Roper, Pantego and Belle Haven, connecting with steamer Haven Belle for Bay River, South Creek, &c

Through tickets on sale and baggage checked to all principal Points.

EASTERN CAROLINA DISPATCH
FAST FREIGHT & PASSENGER LINE.

The new and elegant Steamer NEUSE leaves Elizabeth City every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6.00 P. M, for Newberne, connecting with the A. & N. C. R. R. for Goldsboro, with the Atlantic Coast Line for Wilmington, Charleston, &c, and with the R. & D. R. R. train for Raleigh, Greensboro &c. Returning, leaves Newberne Monday, Wednesday and Friday, stopping at Roanoke Island going and returning.

Tickets on sale on board Steamer for Kinston, Goldsboro and Morehead City.

Daily all rail service between Elizabeth City and New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Norfolk.

Through cars, and as low rates and quicker time than by any other route

Direct all goods to be shipped via Eastern Carolina Dispatch as follows: From Norfolk by N. & S. R. R. to Baltimore, by P. W. & B. R. R. to President street Station Philadelphia, by Pennsylvania R. R., Dock street Station New York, by Pennsylvania R. R. to Jersey City.

For further information apply to T. Selby Harper, Agent, Elizabeth City, or to the General Office, at the Norfolk & Southern Railroad, Norfolk, Va.

M. E. SLADE, H. C. HUDGINS,
General Manager. Gen. Pass. & Frt. Agt.

Albemarle and North Carolina
CANAL COMPANY.
S. V. CALVERT, Superintendent.

The Albemarle & North Carolina Canal will admit vessels drawing five feet water, [illegible] wide, four feet.

The locks will admit vessels 90 feet and [illegible] breadth of beam.

Rafts entered with chains must not be over 14 feet wide, secured side under, not over 12 feet, which they must be well secured to the satisfaction to the Canal authorities.

Steamers will not be admitted without a permit from the Office at Norfolk.

Vessels over 90 feet length and over 15 feet beams (the dimensions called for by the Charter) navigate the Canal at their own risk.

Hotels.

New Albemarle House,
C. W. Grice & Bro, Props
Corner Main and Road Sts,
Elizabeth City, N C.

First-class Hotel. Elegant Rooms, Good Table, Polite Attention. Electric Bells and Lights. Free Bus.

TERMS:—$2 and $2.50 Per Day.

HOTEL MERRIAM.
WATER STREET,
Elizabeth City, N. C.
SITUATED IN THE BUSINESS PART OF THE CITY.
J. E. MERRIAM, Proprietor.

EAGLE HOTEL.
HERTFORD, N. C.
Joseph S. Long, Proprietor.

Free Hack to and from Depot to passengers stopping at Hotel

Special attention paid to the Comfort of Guests, Table well supplied, Rooms clean and tidy. Charges moderate.

WOODARD HOUSE
EDENTON, N. C.

This well-established HOTEL still offers first class accommodations to the traveling public.

FIRST CLASS BAR ATTACHED

Sample Room for Traveling Salesmen and Livery Horses Furnished when Desired Free Hacks to all Trains and Steamers

Terms Reasonable.

J. L. ROGERSON, Proprietor

P. EWELL,
Practical Watch-maker and Jeweler

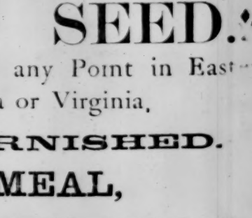
Will keep constantly on hand a fine line of Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Solid Silver and Plated Ware, &c. Any article not in stock will be furnished on short notice at reduced price. I guarantee to sell any article in my line as cheap, if not cheaper, than can be bought in any first-class establishment in the Northern cities. All goods guaranteed as represented upon forfeit of double price paid.

SPECIAL ATTENTION PAID TO REPAIRING, and all work guaranteed for twelve months.

SIGN BIG WATCH,
Water St, (next door to Overman's co
Elizabeth City, N. C
19 Years Experience at Bench

FULL WEIGHT PURE
DREW'S YEAST POWDER
Superior to all Substitutes
For raising and making Light Digestible Biscuits, Bread, Tea Cake, Pies, Muffins, Waffles, Johnny Cake, Corn Bread, Short Cake, Pot Pies, Dumplings, Boiled Puddings and Buckwheat. ½ pound cans 5 cents. Sold by Country Merchants.
Drew Manufacturing Co., BALTIMORE, Md.

Highest Market Price Paid for
COTTON SEED.
Carload Lots taken from any Point in East North Carolina or Virginia.
BAGS FURNISHED.
COTTON SEED MEAL,
COTTON SEED HULL
For Sale or Exchange for Seed.
FARMER'S OIL MILLS,
arboro, N. C
Mills at Shiloh, on Tar River. For Prices and write to E. V. ZOELLER, Secretary and Treasurer.

WE POINT WITH PRIDE!

To one of the nicest new stores and the largest line of fresh new season novelties ever brought to this section of the Old North State. We are located in our new quarters on Water Street, near the corner of Main, and just returned from the factories with the
LARGEST LINE OF CLOTHING,
DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, SHOES, HATS TRUNKS, &c., it has ever our pleasure to offer an appreciative public. We have done business in beth City for a number of years and fully understand what the people want have struck the nail on the head this year, both as to
LOWER PRICES AND HIGHER QUALITY!
We invite an inspection of these goods and promise satisfaction to each every customer. Remember that we are now located in our new quarters Water street near Main, where we will bid you a hearty welcome.
R. SALOMONSKY

There is no Sleight of Ha
by means of which we have been able to the prices and class of goods we are doing managed by the way the public patronize
FOUR THINGS AT ONCE
are possible if they work together. Not simply drawn by our horses—four good horses—instead of one wretched screw of matched pair. And as we understand the how to drive the team they
Make It
possible for us to make good time along the road of trade. The four corner-stones house are
Best Goods, Honest Dealing,
Low Prices, Large Stock
Groceries, Hardware, Stoves, Crockery, Tin-ware, Queensware, Paints, Oil, Rope, Twine, Hay, Lime, Cement, Plastering Hair, Shingles, &c &c.
ROBINSON & CO
Water Street, - - - Elizabeth City, N C

J. B. FLORA. JAS G MORRISE
J. B. FLORA & CO.
AGENT FOR DUPONT'S POWDER { "EVERYBODY SAYS" } TOBACCO AND SNUFF AT FACTORY PRI
That business has been dull and money scarce during the last six months. Notwithstanding this our business has been larger than for any six months since we began, and continues increase.
Here's Food for Thought
in this condition of things. The reason for it is of great interest to those who have to provide for. We have been in this business and have done nothing else for twenty years and it is reasonable to suppose that we know our business, when and how to buy to be served. We purchase in large lots direct from first hands, for cash only, and it will pa
To Examine Our Stock of
Groceries, Tobacco, Snuff, Cigars, Hardware, Guns, Pistols, Cutlery Paints, Oils, Zinc, Varnishes and colors, Buggy and Cart Harness, Saddles, Whips, Ship Chandlery Lime, Cement, Plaster, &c.
Quotations Cheerfully Given. - Lowest Prices Guaranteed.
New Store, Foot of Main Street, Elizabeth City N. C

—THE LARGEST STOCK OF—
DRY GOODS, NOTIONS AND SHOES.
Ever shown in Elizabeth City are now open for your examination at
FOWLER & CO'S
WITH PRICES TO PLEASE BOTH AT
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

I PAY FOR THIS SPACE
Because I have something to say that is of interest to practical people,
Because I want to reach the knowing and progressive people this vicinity.
Because people of this class are the people whose trade desire to win.
THE BEST PEOPLE
are the thinking people. They know what they want. They are not to be won by mere irresponsible cackle. Fair dealing wins them, On one they are staunch customers, not to be budged by bluster.
All thinking people are invited to make an examination of our goods in order to be convinced of the fact that our low prices are consistent with a high grade of quality.
MOSES WEISEL.
WATER ST, ELIZABETH CITY, N. C

Furniure, Wares and Stationery.
☞ I have constantly on hand a large and full assortment of
Household Furnishing Goods, Tin-ware, Wooden-ware, Table Cutlery, Queens, Porcelain and French Decorated Ware, Chandeliers, Glassware, Wall-paper, Carpets, Oil-cloths, Glass, &c., &c.
Also Bibles, School Books, Poets and Novels at NEW YORK PRICES. Albums, Sunday School Supplies and all kinds of Stationery very low.
If you Want to Save Money Call and See Me
P. W. MELICK.
Water Street, Elizabeth City, N. C

DAVID C. COOK.

The Pioneer Publisher of Sunday-School Literature.

David C. Cook, of Chicago, whose name has become a household word through his Sunday-school publications, is but 42 years old. He was born in East Worcester, N. Y., in 1850, a son of Rev. E. S. Cook, a Methodist minister, and from a child an earnest and devoted member of the church and Sunday-school.

DAVID C. COOK.

He began teaching in Ward's Rolling Hill Sunday-school, in Chicago, at the age of 17, helping also in one and sometimes two mission schools of the West Side, meeting at different hours, until the great fire of 1871 changed his plans, and marked the beginning of his work on the North Side. Seeing the distress and pressing need for help, he left his home and rented rooms in one of the poorest and roughest neighborhoods of the burnt district, where, with three other young men whom he persuaded to join him, he gave himself to feed and mission work. Here on North avenue, in a German theatre and beer hall, was started his "Everybody's Mission," afterward removed to a building of its own near by. This mission, with attendance of 250 to 450, he started, built up and sustained without aid from any church or society for five years, until others were able to occupy the field. He also organized and superintended on the North Side, North Avenue Mission, Lake View Mission and Lake View Union schools, and, in Elgin, the Grace Church School, besides several smaller enterprises elsewhere.

His first publications were prepared only for his own schools, then, to divide the cost of type-setting, he asked orders from others. No one could be more surprised than he at the demand thus created. Afterwards his schools afforded a place for first testing new helps and new ideas. It is to this love for the work, and close application to it, that schools are indebted for what he has done for the cause of Sunday-school literature.

Streaks of Luck.

One O'Reilly, a trader, in casually stopping at the house of Boer, near Pucil, Griqualand West, saw some children playing with a number of exceedingly pretty pebbles, and on asking his Dutch host whether he could take one, he was promptly told that he could do so, as "the children had plenty more of them." O'Reilly took the stone to Grahamstown and sold it for $3000. It was resold for $25,000.

A Dutchman named DeBeer had built himself the usual wattle and daub house on his farm, but it had been erected for quite a long period before some inquiring prospectors found that the rough cast used for the walls actually contained diamonds. The farm speedily changed hands for $10,000. It now, with its neighboring mines, produces over $15,000,000 of diamonds annually, the total wealth of this discovery being $250,000,000.

At Wesselton, a Boer riding out at sun-down to bring in his horses from the veldt, where they had been running all day, saw a small animal called a "meercat" (it somewhat resembles a weasel and burrows in colonies like rabbits) industriously scraping some earth from his hole. Some peculiarity of the ground so thrown up led the Dutchman to fill his handkerchief with it, and after he had stabled his horses, by the dismal light of a small lamp he examined the nature of the earth. To his astonishment and delight he found a three quarter carat diamond in the sands. Further search at the meercat's hole revealed other diamonds, and six months ago no less than $2,550,000 was refused for the farm. Since the accidental discovery over 2,000,000 carats of fine white diamonds have been extracted from the mine.—London Tid Bits.

The number of miles of fencing in New South Wales is 1,690,000, at an average cost of $209 per mile. There are 32,000 dams used for stock purposes, at an average cost of $415; 33,000 water tanks, each costing $965; and 3744 wells, averaging $1145. This total expenditure exceeds $400,000,000 for improvements in stock raising.

Mrs. A. A. Williams
Lynn, Mass.

FOR THE GOOD OF OTHERS

Rev. Mr. Williams Heartily Endorses Hood's Sarsaparilla.

We are pleased to present this from Rev. A. A. Williams, of the Sillsbee Street Christian Church, Lynn, Mass.:

"I see no reason why a clergyman, more than a layman, who knows whereof he speaks, should hesitate to approve an

Article of Merit

and worth, from which he or his family have been signally benefited, and whose commendation may serve to extend those benefits to others by increasing their confidence. My wife has for many years been a sufferer from severe

Nervous Headache

for which she found little help. She has tried many things that promised well but performed little. Last fall a friend gave her a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla. It seems surprising what simply one bottle could and did do for her. The attacks of headache decreased in number and were less violent in their intensity, while her general health is improved. Her appetite has also been better. From our experience with

Hood's Sarsaparilla

I have no hesitation in endorsing its merits." A. A. WILLIAMS.

Hood's Pills are the best family cathartic, gentle and effective. Try a box. Price 25c.

DR. KILMER'S
SWAMP-ROOT
THE GREAT KIDNEY, LIVER AND BLADDER CURE.

Dissolves Gravel,

Gall stone, brick dust in urine, pains in urethra, straining after urination, pain in back and hips, sudden stoppage of water with pressure,

Bright's Disease,

Tube casts in urine, scanty urine. *Swamp-Root* cures urinary troubles and kidney difficulties.

Liver Complaint,

Torpid or enlarged liver, foul breath, biliousness, bilious headache, poor digestion, gout.

Catarrh of the Bladder,

Inflammation, irritation, ulceration, dribbling, frequent calls, pass blood, mucus or pus.

Guarantee—The contents of one Bottle, if not benefited, Druggists will refund you the price paid.

At Druggists, 50c. Size, $1.00. Size.

'Invalids' Guide to Health" free—Consultation free.

DR. KILMER & CO., BINGHAMTON, N. Y.

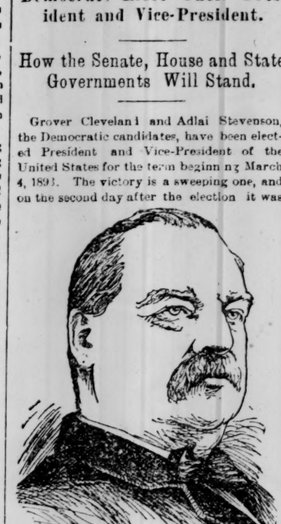
PENSION JOHN W. MORRIS, Washington, D.C.
Successfully Prosecutes Claims.
Late Principal Examiner U.S. Pension Bureau.
3 yrs in last war, 15 adjudicating claims, atty since.

CLEVELAND AND STEVENSON

Democrats Elect Their President and Vice-President.

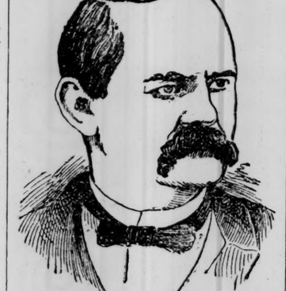
How the Senate, House and State Governments Will Stand.

Grover Cleveland and Adlai Stevenson, the Democratic candidates, have been elected President and Vice-President of the United States for the term beginning March 4, 1893. The victory is a sweeping one, and on the second day after the election it was



GROVER CLEVELAND.

estimated from the latest returns that the Democrats would have a majority of 156 votes in the Electoral College. Of the States



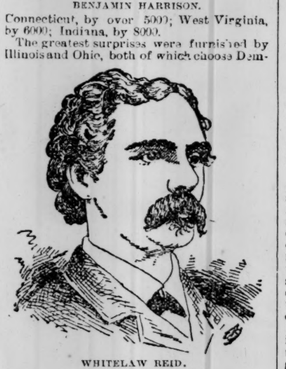
ADLAI E. STEVENSON.

that were put down as doubtful before the contest, Cleveland and Stevenson carry New York, by 44,000; New Jersey, by 12,000;

BENJAMIN HARRISON.

Connecticut, by over 500; West Virginia, by 6000; Indiana, by 8000.

The greatest surprises were furnished by Illinois and Ohio, both of which choose Democratic electors, the former by 10,000 plurality, the latter by a small majority. The Democrats had a close shave in Delaware, only carrying the State by 535 votes. As



WHITELAW REID.

later returns came in the Republicans conceded California to the Democrats by a small plurality, and at the same time there was no doubt that Wisconsin was Democratic.

The result of the voting for electors, as indicated by returns on the second day after election, is summarized in the following table:

States.	Cleveland.	Harrison.	Weaver.
Alabama	11	—	—
Arkansas	8	—	—
California	9	—	—
Colorado	—	—	4
Connecticut	6	—	—
Delaware	3	—	—
Florida	4	—	—
Georgia	13	—	—
Idaho	—	3	—
Illinois	24	—	4
Indiana	15	—	—
Iowa	—	13	—
Kansas	—	—	10
Kentucky	13	—	—
Louisiana	8	—	—
Maine	—	6	—
Maryland	8	—	—
Massachusetts	—	15	—
Minnesota	—	9	—
Michigan	—	9	—
Mississippi	9	—	—
Missouri	17	—	—
Montana	—	3	—
Nebraska	—	—	8
Nevada	—	—	3
New Hampshire	—	4	—
New Jersey	10	—	—
New York	36	—	—
North Carolina	11	—	—
North Dakota	—	3	—
Ohio	23	—	—
Oregon	—	4	—
Pennsylvania	—	32	—
Rhode Island	—	4	—
South Carolina	9	—	—
South Dakota	—	4	—
Tennessee	12	—	—
Texas	15	—	—
Vermont	—	4	—
Virginia	12	—	—
Washington	—	4	—
West Virginia	6	—	—
Wisconson	12	—	—
Wyoming	—	3	—
Totals	220	117	28
Total number of votes	444		
Necessary for a choice	223		
Cleveland's majority	154		

The Presidential Electors were elected by the several States at large, except in Michigan, where one Elector was elected by the eastern half of the State and one by the western half, and one by each Congressional district.

Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Maine, Oregon, Rhode Island and Vermont have elected their State officers and Legislatures this year.

In regard to the United States Senate it was believed, from the latest returns, that after March 3d, 1893, it would be under Democratic control. Democratic Legislatures have been elected in New York, Wisconsin and California to choose the successors of Republican Senators Hiscock, Sawyer and Felton. Fusion Legislatures have been elected to choose Senators in place of three Republicans: Paddock, of Nebraska; Perkins, of Kansas; Warren, of Wyoming, and Stewart, of Nevada. An expert estimates that the body will stand: Democrats, 42; Republicans, 40; People's Party, 6.

A compilation of the election returns for Congressmen, made up from late reports and from later telegrams, gives the Democrats a majority over the Republicans in the next House of 89, and over both Republicans and Third Partyites of 64.

The returns as yet, of course, are very incomplete and changes will have to be made in the figures on both sides, as the later reports will probably show the defeat of a number of Congressmen now said to be elected, and vice versa. The figures, however, clearly indicate that the next House of Representatives will be Democratic by a large working majority. According to the present compilation there will be 216 Democrats, 127 Republicans and 13 Third Party men in the next House, with eleven additions yet to be made to complete the quota of 356 members. There were in the last House 235 Democrats, 88 Republicans and 9 Independents, or 332 members in all. The result is a relative gain for the Republicans, as compared with the tremendous landside of two years ago. The strength of the Independents will be pretty nearly the same in the next House as in this.

JOHN SIDWELL.

Democratic Governors were chosen in a majority of the States which voted for State tickets. In New Hampshire the fight is thrown into the Republican Legislature. This table shows results:

Colorado—Joseph H. Maupin, Dem.
Connecticut—Luzon B. Morris, Dem.
Idaho—William J. McConnell, Rep.
Illinois—John P. Altgeld, Dem.
Indiana—Claude Matthews, Dem.
Kansas—L. D. Lewelling, Peo.-Dem.
Massachusetts—William E. Russell, Dem.
Michigan—J. T. Rich, Rep.
Minnesota—Knute Nelson, Rep.
Missouri—William J. Stone, Dem.
Montana—Rickards, Rep.
Nebraska—Lorenzo Crouse, Rep.
New Hampshire—No choice by people.
New Jersey—George T. Werts, Dem.
North Carolina—Elias Carr, Dem.
North Dakota—Andrew H. Burke, Rep.
South Carolina—Benjamin R. Tillman, Dem.
South Dakota—A. L. Van Osdel, People.
Tennessee—Peter Turney, Dem.
Texas—James S. Hogg, Dem.
Washington—H. L. Snively, Dem.
West Virginia—William A. McCorkle, Dem.
Wisconsin—George W. Peck, Dem.
Wyoming—John E. Osborne, Dem.-Peo.

THANKSGIVING DAY.

President Harrison Enumerates Some of the Country's Blessings.

The following proclamation has just been issued from the White House, at Washington:

The gifts of God to our people during the past year have been so abundant and so special that the spirit of devout thanksgiving awaits not a call, but only the appointment of a day when it may have a common expression. He has stayed the pestilence at our door; He has given us more love for the free civil institutions, in the creation of which His directing providence was so conspicuous; he has awakened a deeper reverence for law; He has widened our philanthropy by a call to succor the distress in other lands; he has blessed our schools and is bringing forward a patriotic and God-fearing generation to execute His great and benevolent designs to our country; He has given us great increase in material wealth and a wide diffusion of contentment and comfort in the homes of our people; He has given His grace to the sorrowing.

Wherefore, I, Benjamin Harrison, President of the United States, do call upon all our people to observe, as we have been wont, Thursday, the twenty-fourth day of this month of November, as a day of thanksgiving to God for His mercies and of supplication for His continued care and grace.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the city of Washington this 4th day of November, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-two, and of the independence of the United States the one hundred and seventeenth.

By the President,
BENJAMIN HARRISON.
JOHN W. FOSTER, Secretary of State.

DUKE OF MARLBOROUGH

Found Dead in His Bed in the Blenheim Palace.

A dispatch from Blenheim Palace, the seat of the Duke of Marlborough at Woodstock, Oxfordshire, England, announces that the Duke was found dead in bed there a few mornings ago.

The Duke was out driving that day and was in good spirits. He showed no symptoms of illness. Upon his return from his drive he took dinner and ate well. He passed the evening in reading and writing, and retired at midnight, still seemingly in good health. His conversation was cheerful.

When the valet entered the Duke's bedroom in the morning he found his master lying on his back in bed. One of his arms was thrown over his chest and his hand was clenched above his heart. His face was serene and he appeared to be asleep. The valet made no attempt to arouse him until he noticed the growing pallor of the face. Then he made an attempt to wake him, but found he was dead.

It is supposed that death resulted from heart disease or chloral.

It was evident when the body was found that life had been extinct several hours, and that death was painless. Rigor mortis was then well developed. In view of the suddenness of the Duke's death, while he was apparently enjoying good health, a post-mortem examination of the remains was made.

The Marquis of Blandford, the Duke's son, and Lord Randolph Churchill, his brother, arrived at Blenheim in the afternoon. They found the Duchess prostrate with grief.

George Charles Spencer-Churchill, the eighth Duke of Marlborough, Marquis of Blandford, Prince of the Holy Roman Empire, and Prince of Mindelheim and Suabia, was born in England, May 31, 1844. He married a rich American widow, Mrs. Hammersley, a few years ago.

FOUR HEADS CUT OFF.

Indians Kill and Terribly Mutilate Miners in Alaska.

The steamer Cultkat has arrived at Tacoma, Washington, from Alaska. She left Fort Wrangle October 22, and while there it was learned that four white men had been found in the camp at Fort Barry, Kupreroff Island, with their heads cut off and their clothing stripped from their bodies.

The crimes are said to have been committed by Kake Indians, as an outcome of the Edwards trouble last year, when John Edwards, a miner and explorer, was killed by the natives, who furnished the mad got the better of them in some trival matter. The bodies of the murdered men were horribly mutilated and cannot be identified. In two instances the heads had been stuck on poles and by and by the flesh had been picked off by crows. The murdered men were miners.

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED.

Eastern and Middle States.

THE examination of candidates for commissions in the medical department of the United States Army, held a few days since in New York, was not very prolific in results. Of the twenty-two young doctors who appeared four succeeded in passing.

CONGRESSMAN EDWARD F. MCDONALD, of Harrison, N. J., died from pneumonia a few days ago. He was born in Ireland on September 21st, 1844. He was a candidate for re-election.

AT Pittsburg, Penn., Colonel's Hawkins and Streator were acquitted of the charge of aggravated assault preferred by Private Lamb.

LORD MELROSE, largest St. Bernard dog in the world, died a few days ago at Boston, Mass., at the Melrose kennels of gastric colic. He was sired by Ben Lomond out of Recluse, and won first prize at many bench shows. He was thirty-five inches high and weighed 210 pounds.

South and West.

FIVE Indian boys, each between fifteen and sixteen years old, escaped from the Roman Catholic school at Peoria, Ill., and walked 600 miles to their home.

JOE MURPHY fatally shot Lawrence Early, Richard Thomas and C. B. Johnson at Birmingham, Ala. They had a row over a game of cards.

TWELVE of the sixty-one labor unions went on strike in New Orleans, La., in the big strike. The teamsters, musicians, car drivers, paper-hangers, gas workers and coachmen went out. Several theatres could not give performances. All business was practically paralyzed.

MR. AND MRS. FRED TAAKE, Swedish settlers on a claim three miles from Ochesche, Indian Territory, have been found dead inside their house. Both had been shot.

MISS PARMELIA WRIGHT died in Benton Harbor, Mich., aged 102 years. Miss Wright was born near Fairfax Court House, Va., and often met Washington, Jefferson and other noted men of that time.

THE Esquimau baby born the other day at the World's Fair Grounds, Chicago, has died from sore throat.

Washington.

SECRETARY OF STATE FOSTER received a cable message from the United States Minister to Denmark saying that the Danish Government has pardoned D. Ryder, late United States Consul at Copenhagen, who was recently tried and convicted on a charge of embezzlement and sentenced to imprisonment at hard labor.

ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF WAR GRANT left Washington this afternoon for his home in Minneapolis. As Secretary Elkins was also absent from the city, Major General Schofield, who is in command of the United States Army, became also acting Secretary of War.

A. W. NETTLETON, Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, has resigned.

Foreign.

THE winter crop in most Russian provinces presents a bad appearance. The poor peasants, anticipating serious consequences, have held riotous demonstrative meetings, though the police have prohibited such.

THE trial of Mr. Mercier, ex-Premier of Quebec, Canada, charged with stealing $60,000, ended in his acquittal. The vindicated statesman was carried on the shoulders of adherents, followed by cheering thousands, from the court to the house of a friend, where he made a speech.

THE first class battleship Royal Oak was launched at Birkenhead, England. She cost 13,750,000.

THE great English cotton strike was inaugurated at London, and fifty-five thousand persons employed in the cotton industry are idle.

AN infernal machine, placed by Anarchists in the Carmaux Mining Company's building in Paris, exploded, killing four police officials.

THE universal suffrage movement has caused renewed rioting in Brussels, Belgium.

LATER NEWS.

THE case of Rev. Dr. C. A. Briggs, charged with heresy, came up for trial before the Presbytery of New York. Amended charges and specifications were made, and the case continued in order to give Dr. Briggs time to reply.

SIMON POEY, passenger agent and confidential clerk for James E. Ward & Co., agents of the New York and Cuba Mail Steamship Company, was held for examination in the Tombs Police Court, New York City, on a charge of grand larceny. Officials of the company claim he has embezzled $40,000.

STAMBOUL lowered the world's stallion record to 2:08 on the Stockton (Cal.) track.

THE express train was held up at Wharton, Oklahoma. The express car was blown open with dynamite, the messenger wounded and overpowered and the safe robbed. The amount secured was several thousand dollars.

SIR JULIAN PAUNCEFOTE, the British Minister, and family returned to Washington from Liverpool.

THE French troops have captured Cana and Musco, in Dahomey, and are marching on Abomey.

THE late fatal explosion in Paris was caused by the Anarchists and not by the Carmaux strikers.

THE Rev. Edward Everett Hale, D. D., preached in the Unitarian Church in Berlin, Mass., to a large congregation, on the fiftieth anniversary of his first sermon in that church.

WILLIAM P. KECK, who was to have been hanged at Allentown, Penn., at noon, was found dead in his cell in the morning.

HEAVY snow in central Pennsylvania played havoc with electric motors and electric wires. All police and fire alarm connection in Reading were burned out by the crossing telephone cables.

THE big strike in New Orleans, La., because so serious the Governor took control of the situation. Every militia company in the State was placed under arms and ready to move on the Crescent City. Strikers again cut electric light wires and left the city in darkness.

A HEAVY snowstorm prevailed throughout the Western States.

THE representatives of the United States to the International Monetary Conference at Brussels, Belgium, have had their final instructions issued to them from the State Department, after a prolonged consultation between the Secretaries of State and Treasury Departments.

CHARLES ARRUTHNOT, a Director of the Bank of England, who is making a study of the American system of finance, had a conference with Assistant Secretary Nettleton at the Treasury Department, and afterward inspected the cash-room and the Treasury vaults.

A CALAMITOUS accident occurred at Jaffa, on the coast of Palestine. The passengers from the Austrian Lloyd steamship were being landed as usual in a surf boat when the boat, which had twenty-five passengers on board, capsized and twelve were drowned.

IT is reported that a war is imminent between the Argentine Republic and Peru on one side and Chile on the other.

A $500,000 FIRE.

The Business Portion of Camden, Me., Has Been Wiped Out.

The business portion of Camden, Me., has been visited by a half-million-dollar fire.

The fire was discovered in the top story of Cleveland's Block, on Main street, about 2 a. m. Aid was at once summoned from Rockport and Rockland, but arrived too late to be of much use. Dynamite had to be used to stay the course of the fire.

The fire swept both sides of the main street, and a territory of nearly four acres bounded by Mechanic, Washington and Ocean streets. Thirty-five buildings, all but one being wooden, were entirely consumed, and eighty business firms lost everything.

WOLVES have become so plentiful in Converse County, Wyoming, that the cattlemen have offered $8 apiece for scalps.

THE NEXT CONGRESS.

Political Division of the Next Senate and House.

Sweeping Results of the Battle at the Polls.

The New York Herald says that in the Fifty-third Congress the Democrats will have control of both Senate and House of Representatives. They have in the Senate forty-four members, and, with the Vice-President's vote in case of necessity, will have a majority.

The term of thirty-one Senators, nineteen Republicans and twelve Democrats, expires on March 4 next. The present Senate is composed of:

Republicans	47
Democrats	37
Farmers' Alliance	2

The next Senate will consist of:

Republicans	46
Democrats	44
Farmers' Alliance	4

In the present Senate the forty-four States are represented by the Senators in the subjoined table. Those whose terms expire in March are indicated by a dagger (†); those whose terms will expire and have already been re-elected by an asterisk (*), and in two States Legislatures have already been chosen which will elect Senators of the same political party as those who retire. They are indicated by a double dagger (‡).

In the elections where the Legislature chosen will elect a Democrat to succeed a Republican the name of the sitting Senator is printed in SMALL CAPITALS, a Farmers' Alliance Senator to succeed a Republican in *italic*.

ALABAMA.	MONTANA.
John T. Morgan...D	Wilbur F. Sanders*..R
James L. Pugh.....D	Thomas C. Power..R
ARKANSAS.	NEBRASKA.
James H. Berry...D	A. S. Paddock*..R
James K. Jones....D	C. F. Manderson..R
CALIFORNIA.	NEVADA
Chas. N. Felton*..R	W. M. Stewart....R
Leland Stanford...R	John P. Jones.....R
COLORADO.	NEW HAMPSHIRE.
Edwd. O. Wolcott..R	Wm. E. Chandler..R
Henry M. Teller...R	Jacob H. Gallinger..R
CONNECTICUT.	NEW JERSEY.
Jos. R. Hawley*...R	Rufus Blodgett*..D
Orville H. Platt...R	J'an R. McPherson..D
DELAWARE.	NEW YORK.
George Gray*.....D	FRANK HISCOCK*..R
Anthony Higgins..R	David B. Hill.....D
FLORIDA.	NORTH CAROLINA.
Samuel Pasco‡.....D	Matt W. Ransom..D
Wilkinson Call.....D	Zebulon B. Vance.D
GEORGIA	NORTH DAKOTA.
Alfred H. Colquitt..D	Lyman R. Casey*..R
John B. Gordon....D	H. C. Hansbrough..R
IDAHO.	OHIO.
George L. Shoup..R	John Sherman.....R
Fredk. T. Dubois...R	Calvin S. Brice...D
ILLINOIS.	OREGON.
Shelby M. Cullom..R	Joseph N. Dolph..R
John M. Palmer....D	John H. Mitchell..R
INDIANA.	PENNSYLVANIA.
David M. Turpie*..D	Matthew S. Quay*..R
Dan'l W. Voorhees.D	J. Donald Cameron..R
IOWA.	RHODE ISLAND.
James F. Wilson..R	Nelson W. Aldrich.R
Wm. B. Allison....R	Nathan F. Dixon..*R
KANSAS.	SOUTH CAROLINA.
*R. W. Perkins**...R	Matthew C. Butler.D
Wm. A. Peffer..F A	John L. Irby.....D
KENTUCKY.	SOUTH DAKOTA.
John G. Carlisle...D	Rich. F. Pettigrew.R
J. C. S. Blackburn.D	James H. Kyle..F A
LOUISIANA.	TENNESSEE.
Randall L. Gibson.D	William B. Bate*..D
Edward D. White.D	Isham G. Harris...D
MAINE.	TEXAS.
Eugene Hale‡.....R	Horace Chilton*..D
William P. Frye..R	Roger Q. Mills*...D
MARYLAND.	VERMONT.
Arthur P. Gorman*.D	Redfield Proctor*..R
Charles H. Gibson..D	Justin S. Morrill..R
MASSCHUSETTS	VIRGINIA.
Henry L. Dawes*..R	John W. Daniel*..D
George F. Hoar....R	Eppa Hunton*....D
MICHIGAN.	WASHINGTON.
F. B. Stockbridge‡.R	John B. Allen*....R
James McMillan...R	Watson C. Squire..R
MINNESOTA.	WEST VIRGINIA.
Cushman K. Davis*R	Chas. J. Faulkner*D
W. D. Washburn..R	John E. Kenna.....D
MISSISSIPPI.	WISCONSIN.
James Z. George*..D	PHILET'S SAWYER*R
Edw'd C. Walthall.D	William F. Vilas..D
MISSOURI.	WYOMING.
Frank M. Cockrell‡.D	*E. E. Warren**...R
George G. Vest....D	Joseph M. Carey..R

Three Republican Senators—Sherman, of Ohio; Proctor, of Vermont, and Aldrich, of Rhode Island—and three Democrats—Gorman, of Maryland; George, of Mississippi, and Daniel, of Virginia, have been elected.

Although Nevada will elect a Fusion Senator it will undoubtedly return Senator Stewart, who has always been a Republican. He will probably vote with his party, except on special issues like silver and the Force bill.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

The Herald gives the following tabular statement of the political divisions of the present and the next House of Representatives. In a few instances later returns may result in some changes, but the table may be regarded as substantially correct:

Name of State.	Last House. Dem.	Rep.	F. A.	Next House. Dem.	Rep.	Peo.
Alabama	7	—	—	7	—	2
Arkansas	6	—	—	6	—	—
California	6	4	—	3	4	—
Colorado	—	1	—	1	1	1
Connecticut	3	1	—	3	1	—
Delaware	1	—	—	1	—	—
Florida	2	—	—	2	—	—
Georgia	9	—	1	11	—	—
Idaho	—	1	—	—	1	—
Illinois	14	6	—	14	8	—
Indiana	11	2	—	10	3	—
Iowa	6	5	—	1	10	—
Kansas	—	2	5	—	2	6
Kentucky	10	1	—	10	1	—
Louisiana	6	—	—	6	—	—
Maine	—	4	—	—	4	—
Maryland	6	—	—	6	—	—
Massachusetts	7	5	—	4	9	—
Michigan	7	4	—	3	9	—
Minnesota	3	1	1	2	4	1
Mississippi	7	—	—	6	1	—
Missouri	14	—	—	14	1	—
Montana	1	—	—	—	1	—
Nebraska	1	—	2	2	3	1
Nevada	1	1	—	—	—	1
New Hampshire	2	—	—	2	—	—
New Jersey	5	2	—	6	2	—
New York	23	11	—	20	14	—
North Carolina	8	1	—	9	1	—
North Dakota	—	1	—	—	1	—
Ohio	14	7	—	8	13	—
Oregon	—	1	—	—	1	—
Pennsylvania	10	18	—	10	28	—
Rhode Island	2	—	—	2	—	—
South Carolina	7	—	—	7	—	—
South Dakota	—	2	—	—	2	—
Tennessee	8	2	—	8	2	—
Texas	11	—	—	12	—	1
Vermont	—	1	—	—	1	—
Virginia	10	—	—	9	1	—
Washington	—	1	—	—	2	—
West Virginia	4	—	—	2	2	—
Wisconsin	8	1	—	6	4	—
Wyoming	—	1	—	—	1	—
Totals	235	88	4	211	132	13
Majorities	138			66		

COLLAPSE OF A MILL.

Nearly Forty Persons Killed in a Flimsily Built Structure.

A mill collapsed in Oprau, Moravia, a few days ago, shortly before the hands were to leave for the night. Almost 200 men were in the building at the time. When the walls began to crack the men in the basement and on the ground floor ran out. The men and girls above started down stairs. In the panic the stairway collapsed, and before anybody could struggle out of the ruins the whole building came down. About fifty persons were caught in the bricks and broken timber. Several were rescued, but it was supposed that thirty-five or forty were killed. The dead bodies of twenty have been removed.

The mill was flimsily built, and the operation of heavy machinery on the second floor is believed to have caused the collapse. The police are looking for the builder, and will arrest him.

IN A LITTLE WATER.

Husband and Wife Drowned in a Creek a Foot Deep.

Joseph Townsend and wife, aged sixty-one and fifty-five, while driving across the Moulthrope Bridge over the Callicoon Bridge, near Callicoon, N. Y., were suddenly precipitated into twelve inches of water. A horse fell upon them, pinioning them face downward in the water, where they drowned.

THE LABOR WORLD.

TEXTILES are first in Prussian industries.

MINERS at Carmaux, France, have resumed work.

THE strike of the printers in Pittsburg has lasted over one year.

THE pay of an ordinary British constable is from $7.50 to $9 a week.

THE Bakers' Unions of the States of New York and Pennsylvania are forming State organizations.

A CO-OPERATIVE shoe factory is about to be established by the Knights of Labor in Rochester, N. Y.

WAGES for miners have been raised two per cent. by the Schuylkill Coal Exchange, in Pottsville, Penn.

OVER seven thousand applications were recently received in Paris, France, for fifty-five vacant positions.

OVER 3,750,000 women are working for wages in France, and hundreds of thousands are seeking work without being able to find it.

UNION bricklayers who were employed to build an addition to the Butler University at Indianapolis, Ind., refused to work on an old foundation built by non-union men. The trustees allowed them to tear down the old wall, and then the work went on.

THE Order of Train Dispatchers was permanently organized at Memphis, Tenn., with 152 charter members. The constitution and by-laws embrace the protective features which caused so much discussion at the convention in New Orleans last June.

THE following are a few examples of the rate of pay of women in London: Making paper bags, eight cents per 1000; possible earnings $1.25 to $2.25 per week. Buttonholes, six cents per dozen; possible earnings, 42 per week. Shirts, four cents; each worker finding her own cotton can get six done between 6 a. m. and 11 p. m.

AFTER several years of struggle, cotton spinning of Chinese cotton by Chinese hands is established in Shanghai. Five hundred and fifty looms and 21,000 spindles turn out weekly 130,000 yards, thirty-six inches wide, of a superior quality of imitation American drill sheeting. Half the looms are of English make and half of American.

KONSBERG, in Norway, seems to be a little paradise for workmen. Of the 430 miners employed there every one has a house of his own, and men having worked for ten years have a right to a pension of ten per cent. of their wages, which increases every year two per cent. After thirty years the pension would amount to $8.25 per month, or sufficient for a man to live upon. Idleness from lack of work or through strikes is unknown in Konsberg.

SOLDIERS RIOT.

South American Troopers Attack and Rob Civilians.

A party of insubordinate soldiers of the Second Artillery, about fifty in number, appeared in the Brala Formosa and Sacco de Alfers District of Rio Janeiro, Brazil, and began an indiscriminate attack on the people, both in the streets and in their houses. The men were in uniform and were armed with sword bayonets, knives, pistols, etc. They not only attacked the police and people encountered in the streets, but they also attacked passing teamsters, cutting and beating the passengers and robbing them of their money and valuables.

There were only four policemen in the district, one of whom was killed and the other three were wounded.

JOHN CLARK, seventy-four years old, was killed by a train at Sparchill, N. Y., the other evening. Just ten years ago he was struck by the same train, under the charge of the same conductor, at the same hour and near the same spot. At that time he was thrown up in the air, but was unhurt.

THE mountain fruitmen in the neighborhood of Cloverdale, Cal., are complaining bitterly about the damage done to young fruit trees by deer.

THE MARKETS.

Late Wholesale Prices of Country Produce Quoted in New York.

46	BEANS AND PEAS.		
Beans—Marrow, 1891, choice	$3 30	@	$3 32½
Medium, 1892, choice	2 05	@	2 10
Pea, 1892, choice	2 05	@	2 10
Red kidney, 1892, choice	2 75	@	2 85
Red kidney, poor to fair	—	@	—
Lima, Cal., per bush	2 05	@	2 10
Green peas, 1892, per bbl	1 75	@	—
	BUTTER.		
Creamery—St. & Penn. extra	28½	@	29
St. & Penn., firsts	23	@	28
Western, firsts	26	@	28
Western, seconds	23	@	25
Western, thirds	20	@	22
State dairy—half tubs and pails, extras	25	@	27
Half tubs and pails, 1sts	22	@	24
Half tubs and pails, 2ds	20	@	21
Welsh tubs, extras	25	@	24
Welsh tubs, 1sts	23	@	24
Welsh tubs, 2ds	21	@	21
Western—Im. creamery, 1sts	22	@	24
W. Im. creamery, 2ds	18	@	20
W. Im. creamery, 3ds	—	@	—
Western Factory, fresh, firsts	17	@	17½
W. Factory, seconds	15½	@	16
W. Factory and dairy, 3ds	14½	@	15
	CHEESE.		
State factory—Full cream, white, fancy	10½	@	10¾
Full cream, colored, fancy	—	@	10¾
Full cream, good to prime	9½	@	10
Part skims, choice	6½	@	7
Part skims, good to prime	3	@	6¼
Part skims, common	3	@	3½
Full skims	1	@	2
	EGGS.		
State and Penn—Fresh	26	@	27
Western—Fresh, fancy	24½	@	25½
Fresh, prime	23½	@	23¾
FRUITS AND BERRIES—FRESH.			
Apples—Red sorts, bbl	2 50	@	3 50
Green sorts, per bbl	2 00	@	2 75
Sweet varieties, per bbl	—	@	—
Pears, Bartlett, per bush	—	@	—
Seckel, per bbl	—	@	—
Common cooking, per bbl	2 50	@	3 00
Grapes, up river, Del., 5 lb	15	@	22
Up river, Niagara, 5 lb	11	@	20
Up river, Concord, 5 lb	11	@	13
Peaches, Jersey, extra, basket	—	@	—
Poor to fair	—	@	—
Plums, up river, per crate	—	@	—
State, 10 lb basket	—	@	—
Cranberries, Cape Cod, bbl	3 00	@	4 50
	HOPS.		
State—1892, fair to choice	21	@	22
1891, prime	23	@	24
1891, common to good	18	@	22
Old odds	5	@	9
	LIVE POULTRY.		
Fowls—Jersey, State, Penn.	10	@	—
Western, per lb	9½	@	10
Spring Chickens, local, lb	10	@	10½
Southern, per lb	—	@	—
Roosters, old, per lb	—	@	6
Turkeys, per lb	10	@	13
Ducks—N. J., N. Y., Penn., per pair	60	@	85
Southern, per pair	—	@	—
Geese, Western, per pair	1 37	@	1 62
Southern, per pair	—	@	—
Pigeons, per pair	30	@	40
	DRESSED POULTRY—FRESH KILLED.		
Turkeys—Young, per lb	13	@	15
Old mixed weights	12	@	14
Toms, fair to prime	—	@	—
Chickens—Phila., per lb	12